THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1868. VOL. 29.-NO. 91

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE, No. 361 MAIN Street. The large four-story brown stone front, 150 long, with front and back stairs, occupied the past five years by G. H. Blood & Co., is for rent from January 1, 1869. This is one of the most attractive and best built storehouses on Main street, one and a-half blocks from the Peabody Hotel, and situated in a block bounded by many of the largest commission merchants in the city. Apply to
BROOKS & DENNIS,
nov24 2w 292 Main street.

FOR RENT.—A Residence on Vance street, No. 488, opposite the St. Agnes Academy and the terminus of the street cars. Contains eight rooms besides kitchen and servants' room; two good cisterns, stable, fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to COALMAN BOYD,
de2 1f 298 Main street.

FOR RENT.—on valentine avenue, two and a half miles from the city, my residence, containing eight rooms, basement, kitchen, servant's rooms, carriage house, stable, good cistern and well, all in good repair, with twenty or thirty-four acres. Apply to MRS. S. A. RAINE, on the premises, or to JOE LOCKE, News stand, 293½ Main St. nov28 tf

FOR RENT.—Main Street Stores and excellent Offices for rent—Cellars, First and Second Floors and Sleeping Rooms, moderate to prompt tenants. W. A. Wheatley, 280 Main.
nov24 1m Agent, P. C. BETHELL.

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oc27

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Speight, Donnell & Rodman of lands in Tipton and Shelby counties. The undersigned, as attorneys of W. S. Rodman, are authorized to sell and convey Judge Rodman's interest in said lands. Persons desirous to purchase good lands will please call on the undersigned and learn terms, which will be accommodating. R. R. HEATH and A. M. LEWIS, 358 Second street. nov14 tf

For Sale.

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19TH, I will sell, to the highest bidder, at Mason's Depot, a Tract of Land containing 413 Acres, situated in Tipton county, two miles north of Mason's Depot. Terms made known at time of sale. R. R. and J. L. SHERROD,
nov18 1awtw Administrators.

FOR SALE.—A first-class Distillery, Machinery, etc., etc., entirely new, and in good order. Will be sold low if immediate application is made. Apply to Denis Saxton, Randolph road, north of Wolf river bridge, or at Britton's Ale House, 232 Front. nov21 1m

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EASY TERMS.—My lands, 2 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 200. My residence, with from 14 to 22 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Treavant & Co., my agents, in the city.
je17 N. M. TREZEVANT.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—I have a Tract of Land, 40 acres, near the Old State Line road, five miles from Memphis, well improved, with good young Orchard of Peaches, Apples, Pears and Cherries, an extra fine Well of Water, which I wish to sell for cash. The place is in an excellent neighborhood, near Mr. J. J. Smith and Geo. C. Holmes. Inquire on the premises, or of Norment & Graves, No. 4 Howard's Row.
de3 1m daw ROBT. W. NORMENT.

Notice.

KNOW all men by these presents: That I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Martha Ann Griffin, who has, without cause, left my bed and board.
de3 3t* H. GRIFFIN.
DeSoto County, Miss.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in the firms of Matthews, Judson & Co., and Judson & Co. to the remaining partners, I am no longer a member thereof. They assume all the indebtedness of said firms, and are alone authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.
R. G. MATTHEWS.
Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 28, 1868.

The business of said firms will continue as heretofore by the undersigned, remaining partners, under the name and style of JUDSON & CO., who assume the liabilities of said firms, and who alone are authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.
A. B. JUDSON,
T. H. JUDSON,
J. C. ALEXANDER.
Memphis, November 28, 1868.

In retiring from said firms I respectfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends.
nov29 1m R. G. MATTHEWS.
Ledger, Bulletin and Post copy.

NOTICE.

MR. H. D. BULKLEY has become associated with the undersigned in the Agency of the Carolina Life Insurance Company, for Tennessee and Central Alabama, to date from the 1st of November, 1868. The style of the firm will hereafter be Bulkley, Ferguson & Privett.
H. M. FERGUSON,
nov21 1m J. N. PRIVETT.

Notice.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of John M. Johnson, deceased, by virtue of an order of the honorable Probate Court of Arkansas county, will proceed to sell the real estate of said John M. Johnson, which consists in 472 acres of land in Arkansas county, near Mt. Adams, to the highest bidder, said sale to take place on the premises of the late deceased, near Mt. Adams, on the 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1868. A credit of twelve months will be given by the purchaser, executing his bond with two good and approved securities, with a lien reserved upon the property for the payment of the same. There are one hundred acres cleared land, good double log houses and out houses.
SAMUEL J. JOHNSON,
nov11 1awiw Administrator.

Notice.

AT the next (December) term of the County Court of Shelby county, I will apply to the said Court to have an Administrator appointed upon the estate of William Ross, deceased.
R. N. ROSS.
November 9, 1868. nov10 1aw4w

NOTICE.

PERSONS having business with us will find our Agent, Mr. R. W. BRADFORD, fully authorized to make settlements, at the store of Messrs. A. Vaccaro & Co., 324 Front street.
nov8 1m W. K. BILL & CO.

LAWYERS.

CHAS. A. CHOATE,
COUNSELOR AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
Nos. 270 Second Street, and 450 Main St.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ My duties as Counsel for the General Assignee have led me to make the Practice in Bankruptcy a Specialty. nov15 1m

ALBERT PIKE. CHARLES W. ADAMS. L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy3-sep10 1y

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kil Williams Block, Nos. 2 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

JOHN REED,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, No. 62 Jefferson Street, entrance in alley. Special attention given to Stair Work. Houses and Verandahs framed ready for shipping. [nov21 1m

INTERESTING ITEMS.

—Edwin Forrest is playing in Philadelphia.

—The Detroit river is to be tunnelled at Detroit.

—The Erie Canal is to be closed December 7th.

—Highway robbery is said to be again prevalent in the London streets.

—Boston claims to have woven the first flannel in America, ninety years ago.

—Preparations for the great Baltimore Saengerfest in July next are already being made.

—An 80,000 acre tract in Florida is to be colonized by Auburn, N. Y., capitalists.

—M'lle Turnour is doing the Flying Trapeze at the Academy of Music, New Orleans.

—Lawrence Barrett sailed for California on Thursday last, where he is to manage the new theater.

—Washington wants to have a general exhibition of American paintings this winter.

—Parraffine applied to wood is said to be an effectual protection against the corrosive action of chlorine vapors.

—It is said that Leotard, the gymnast, has gone home, disgusted, to write a book about America *a la* Rose.

—The favorite phrase of a leading "bull" in Wall street is—"I can't 'bear' it."

—The Paducah *Kentuckian* is to be revived in a few days by two gentlemen from Mississippi.

—Kate Fisher and her horse are galloping into the affections of the Pittsburgers on the back of "Mazeppa."

—M'lle Marietta Ravel, the tight rope dancer and pantomimist, is doing the "French Spy" for the Trojans.

—A "$100,000 fee" has lately been given a New York lawyer in an important case.

—Pym, Bolingbroke, Chatham and Bright are said by Goldwin Smith to be the four great orators of English history.

—During the past year about $14,000 in specie have been raised in Dallas, Texas, for the erection of church buildings.

—A Green line system for the shipment of fruits and vegetables from Atlanta, Ga., to New York is soon to be established.

—Of the earnings of the New York theaters during October, those of Wood's were the largest, reaching $46,591; Wallack's were $17,439.

—Francis B. Dean, jr., one of the founders of the famous Tredegar works, Richmond, died at Lynchburg, Va., on Thursday, in his seventy-third year.

—Jacob Barker, of New Orleans, has received his final discharge in bankruptcy. The liabilities by his amended schedule exceeded $500,000. He is in his eighty-sixth year.

—The sheriffs, register, comptroller, chamberlain, acting mayor, presidents and clerks of councils, and three out of four of the coroners of New York City, are all Irishmen.

—Some patient little children in Connecticut have made a skein of white silk from that most airy of fabrics, the spider's web. It is strong enough to sustain several pounds' weight.

—The controversy for some time existing between the Trustees and Faculty of the Atlanta, Ga., Medical College, has been satisfactorily and honorably adjusted.

—One of the on dits in Richmond is, that a meeting is to be held by some of the residents for the purpose of requesting Mr. J. M. Hanna, associate editor of the *Southern Opinion*, to leave the city.

—A very important trial is in progress in Bastrop, Texas, in which twelve or fifteen negroes are charged with an attempt to rob and murder seven teamsters encamped on the road near that place.

—A difficulty occurred at Murray, Calloway county, on Wednesday, between two men named Neely and Williams, citizens of Marshall county, in which the latter was shot and instantly killed.

—All that is said about Mrs. Grant, the lady of the White House, is doubtless true, but the most "interesting," so-called, circumstance that is likely to characterize her occupancy of the national mansion, is not mentioned.

—Rockingham county, North Carolina, produced one-third more tobacco this year than last, while the quantity planted was about one-fourth less. The quantity is twenty-five per cent. better. The corn crop is at least double that of last year.

—A little girl, thirteen years of age, was seized by an alligator, near Bayou Sara, La., a few days since, and a black boy, who attempted to rescue her, and for that purpose pursued the monster into the water, was himself seized by another alligator and devoured.

—The Rev. John J. Pearce, of Pennsylvania, has purchased 3400 acres of land in Surry county, Va. He has influenced quite a number to go with him. They propose to build a town and start a railroad which was used up during the war.

—Iowa, in 1864, had 188 miles of railroad, costing $26,000,000. Now it is ascertained she has 1680 miles of railroad, which cost $57 500,000. Michigan, it is stated, has 1260 miles of railroad, Missouri 1200 miles, and Minnesota 500 miles.

—On the 14th of May, 1848, The Merry Wives of Windsor was performed at the Haymarket theater, London, by the following cast: Sir John Falstaff, Mr. Mark Leman; Shallow, Mr. Charles Dickens; Slender, John Leech; Pistol, George Cruikshank.

—Edwin Booth's present professional career in Chicago has proved one of his grandest and most successful triumphs. Upon his first appearance as Hamlet, at McVicker's theater, the house was densely packed from stage to gallery and many were unable to find even standing room.

—A little daughter of Wm. H. Marmaduke, of Shepherdtown, Va, was fatally burned on the 23d ult., by her clothes taking fire while popping corn. The day before, Miss Maggie Rinehart, of the same town, was badly burned by her clothes taking fire while lying on the floor in front of it reading.

—The "Heidenhelmer coolies" landed at Galveston, Texas, about which the Radical press of the country has had so much to say, some of the more enlightened going so far as to call on the President, Congress and the civil rights to restore them to liberty, are simply cast iron figures to be used as signs for the grocery, cigar and tobacco stores.

—A little boy, eight years of age, recently left Cleveland, Ohio, alone, with a piece of leather pinned to his breast, on which were words telling that he was bound for Kansas City, Mo., to meet his grandfather, Wm. Fullerton, and also requesting public assistance on the way. He arrived at Kansas City, safe and sound, having been three days and two nights on the road.

—We announced some time ago that Pareps-Rosa had started from San Francisco, by the overland route, for the Atlantic States. A note from her manager, D. DeVivo, informs us that she will give a series of concerts through the country prior to her departure next summer for Europe. She will be accompanied by her husband, Carl Rosa, and by Mr. J. Levy, the cornet-a-piston soloists.

—There is living in Westchester, Mass., the "last survivor of the Wyoming massacre," Mr. Amos Adams, born in the Wyoming settlement, near Old Kingston, August 16, 1773. He was not quite five years old at the time of the massacre, which occurred in July 1778. The lives of those in the fort where his family was were spared; but they were stripped of clothes and food and turned into the wilderness. The Adams family consisted of five members—the father, mother and three children, Amos five years old, one three and the other one year old. The mother carried the babe, the father the next, and the eldest had to walk the journey of 150 miles and he scarce five years old, in constant dread of the Indians, to Fishkill, N. Y., on the North river. They lived on roots and berries. He is now very active and is a hard worker; his sight, hearing and general health are excellent. He is now a widower, having had two wives and ten children.

—A compilation from the official record, regarding Indian wars, shows the cost of various wars for the past forty years, to have been as follows: Black Hawk war, 400 lives and $5,000,000; Seminole war 1500 lives and $100,000,000, only 1500 Indians being warriors. a war with the Creeks and Cherokees, about the same time, cost $1,000,000; Sioux war of 1812, 300 lives and $40,000,000; war of 1862, 1000 lives and $60,000,000; Chevenne, 1867, 300 lives and about $160,000,000; Indian trouble on Pacific slope for the last twenty years, about $300,000,000; three campaigns against the Navajoes, $30,000,000; the whole troubles in New Mexico, of which the last item forms a part, $150,000,000.

—It is reported in the *Christian Work* for November, that Bishop Wilson's cathedral church at Calcutta has fallen wholly under the influence of ritualism; with "surpliced priest listening now to the confession of his brother priest, now to that of native Christian penitents kneeling or lying at his feet, followed by absolution as given in the service for the sick. Even the natives become infected; and one of the preachers, Pundit Nehemiah, has become the apostle of a new Puseyite sect, and published his "Tract No. 1." Bishop Milman, by his indecision, is strengthening the hands of the Attitudinarians, striving to satisfy both parties by his contradictory letters."

—Miss Kellogg went to Portland, Maine, the other day, to sing. She took cold in the bleak Maine air and was obliged to postpone her concert. But, in order that not even a shadow of suspicion should fall upon herself, or the Committee of the Mercantile Library Association, that she was not acting in perfect good faith, she not only remained herself, but all the troupe until the middle of the following week.

—Two French journalists, once intimate friends, met the other day on the grand staircase of the prison where editors serve out their sentences for press offenses. "Why, my dear friend, are you here?" "Yes, for three months. And you?" "O, I am only here for an hour. You know we are of different politics, and haven't served the same masters You live in prisons, while I—well, I inspect them."

—In Lexington, on Saturday, a little daughter of Patrick Murray, while riding on a machine for boring wells which was operating on Spring street, was caught in the machinery, had her left leg broken and the calf of her right leg torn almost entirely from the bone, mutilating the bone terribly.

STATE FINANCES

Report of the Comptroller.

Report of the Conditon of the Bank of Tennessee.

From the Nashville *Banner*, of Wednesday we copy the following important reports upon the condition of the Bank of Tennessee and State taxation:

An Important Report from Comptroller Blackburn.

The following report from Comptroller Blackburn was submitted in the House yesterday, in response to the House resolution offered last week, requiring him to report whether the taxes imposed by the present revenue law can be reduced with safety and advantage to the State:

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, November 30, 1868.

To the Honorable House of Representatives:

Gentlemen: Because of the importance to the interests of the State of the information called for by your resolution adopted on the 28th inst., I have prepared the following tabular statement, which is, as you will see at once, a simple statement of facts from which all the information sought may easily be derived. This method of replying to the resolution aforesaid, I judged would be more satisfactory and reliable than a mere communication setting forth my opinion.

THE ENTIRE RAILROAD DEBT TO THE STATE OF TENNESSEE, WITH INTEREST TO JANUARY 1, 1868, INCLUSIVE.

BONDS LOANED AND INDORSED BY THE STATE

East Tennessee and Virginia	$2 940,644
East Tennessee and Georgia	1,801,429
Edgefield and Kentucky	1,304,551
Cincinnati, Cumberl'd Gap and Charleston	1,488,648
Knoxville and Kentucky	2,29-,992
McMinnville and Manchester	989,414
Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville	2,2 6,774
Memphis and Charleston	2,000 966
Memphis and Ohio	2,463,983
Mississippi and Tennessee	450,384
Mobile and Ohio	1,757,930
Mississippi Central and Tennessee	1,426,349
Nashville and Chattanooga	1,952,859
Nashville and Northwestern	4,106 912
Rogersville and Jefferson	403,254
Nashville and Decatur	2,259 13:
Winchester and Alabama	1,818,665
Memphis and Little Rock	568,900
Knoxville and Charleston	731,800
Evansville, Henderson and Nashville	212,000
East Tennessee and West North Carolina	257,500
Southwestern	869,000
Total	$33,930,313

RECAPITULATION.

Bonds loaned	$27,747 000
Bonds indorsed	2,198,0 0
Funded interest	2 715,903
Interest to January 1, 1869	2,271,400
Total	$33,930,313
Claim of United States vs. Edgefield and Kentucky Railroad (assumed by the State)	$133,804
Claim of United States vs. Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville Railroad (assumed by the State)	380,756
Total	$34,841,873

The following table shows the State debt proper, the amount of bonds loaned railroad companies, and issued for other purposes, for the interest of which the State is liable:

State bonds loaned railroad companies	$25 747,000 00	
State debt, proper	3,348,000 00	
Turnpike and plank roads	525,000 00	
Agricultural Bureau	90 000 00	
Funding interest	4,895,000 00	
	$34,840,893 00	
Less amount refunded by Dr. Burton	42,000 00	
State debt actual	$34,498,106 66	
Annual interest on the above	2,072,448 00	
State Government's annual expenses	900,000 00	
	$2,972,448 00	
Estimated revenue for 1868	$1,205,545 00	
Estimated receipts from railroad companies	889,361 00—	$2,094,906 00
		$877,542 00
The aggregate value of property listed for taxation in 1865 is 208,-(53,369 95. This amount, at forty cents on the $'00 would produce		$32,213 37
The number of polls listed is 113,647, at $1 25		112,058 75
		$974,272 12
From this amount is taken deductions for releases, commissions, and about 15 per cent. on property	$124,822 00	
On polls not assessed (sickness, errors, etc., 25 per cent.	35,513 25—	$160,345 75
Amount received from tax on property and polls		$813,926 37
From privileges, etc		391,618 61
Whole amount of State revenue		$1,205,544 98

These are the facts *in the case*; facts that will not "damn" till the State debt is lessened.

It will be seen at once that the financial interest of the State will not permit a reduction in the rate of taxation. I am not of the opinion, however, that a higher rate of tax on property and polls would be good policy. If it were possible for the State to have property assessed at seventy-five per cent. of its real value, the present rate of taxation would amount to as much money as the people could well afford to pay, and, indeed, to as much as they ought to be called on *now*, to day, under any emergency.

I think the law taxing insurance companies ought to be changed at once, so as to collect from each company at the time of taking out or renewing licenses all the tax that is charged. Advantage has been taken of the equitable law passed at the last session of the Legislature by so many companies that but little more has come into the Treasury from that source.

The law taxing merchandise ought also, in my opinion, to be changed. Better tax goods but once. The "two per cent." law brought more money into the Treasury than the present law does. Many modifications, changes, etc., might, with great profit, be made in the laws of the State bearing on and very seriously affecting its finances; and new laws might be enacted which would greatly profit the State financially; but as there is a bill now in the hands of your Judiciary Committee, which has been prepared specially with regard to the subject alluded to. I will only add that I most respectfully request the House to give that bill a deliberate and favorable consideration, for I can assure your honorable body that I know of my own knowledge—knowledge that has been hammered out on the anvil of experience—that there is great necessity for every section of that bill as proposed to be amended and enacted into a law.

From the foregoing tables it will be seen that the cardinal and all important truth thereby elicited—a *truth* which may be regarded as the tutelary deity of the State, calling on the Legislature to interpose its power and authority in behalf of its injured credit—is this, that the policy of issuing bonds to railroads which have been taken out of the hands of the company and put into the hands of Receivers, that is, of the bonds, the roads and all their assets, and who have for a longer or shorter period of time so managed the roads, the bonds and the assets, as to prevent the State from receiving one single dollar, can no longer be tolerated. This is the great change the financial interests of the State call for. To the consideration of it I must respectfully and earnestly call the attention of your honorable body.

Your obedient servant,
G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller.

Bank of Tennessee—Official Report of its Condition.

Judge Watson, President of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Tennessee, gives the following statement in a report to the General Assembly, showing the present condition of the institution:

MEANS.

Domestic	$677,492 84	
Discounted notes	707,235 48	
Notes and bills in suit, per old books	459,873 72	
Attorneys, for collection	83,792 61	
Bills receivable, real estate sold	42,734 42	
Real estate sold, per old books	150,913 32	
Bond acc'ts	160,000 00	
Expense acc'ts	24,430 00	
		$2,906,232 39
Notes discounted South	457,183 96	
Bills and checks for loans made South	82,811 55—	$539,494 61
Due from banks, per old books		189,710 72
State Treasurer		490,487 77
State Military Board		120,822 45
Cash on hand, viz: Bank of Tennessee notes	$29 278 80	
Ditto bonds	20,714 00	
Ditto mutilated	13,163 00	
Southern Bank notes	85,806 87	
Currency	60,419 58	$1,165,972 34
Balance		8,438,857 07
		$10,232,577 85

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$3,679,068 33
Individual depositors	1,151,241 72
Due to bank, per old books	85,764 03
School fund bonds	14,082 50
School land districts	287,754 36
Certificates of deposit	34,756 70
Collections	1,800 00
Sinking fund	85,715 61
CIRCULATION, viz:	
Tenn. Bank notes, old issue	$3,6 9,106 00
Tenn. B'k notes, Torbett	1,081,0 0 00
Tenn. Bank notes, fractional currency	106,128 00—4,816 791 60
	$10,232,577 85

A PLEA FOR PEACE.

A Sensible and Suggestive Article

From the Scientific American.]

Let not the reader imagine as his eye catches the above heading, that the *Scientific American* is about to depart from its time honored course of neutrality in politics. During the past months of scramble and partisan jostle, we have been silent although not uninterested spectators of the contest. During the months that will intervene between the election and the inauguration of Gen. Grant, there will, in all probability, be more or less of unprofitable recrimination, between the victorious and the vanquished, upon which we shall also look silently yet regretfully.

The spirit of our institutions demands that the results of a popular election should be accepted as cordially and gracefully by the defeated party, as though the winning candidate were unanimously chosen. It is only by the adoption of such a course, that a popular government is rendered tolerable. It is only by such a course that it can hope for permanency and prosperity. We feel ourselves justified, then, in putting forth a plea to our countrymen, North and South, East and West, to join in the attempt to restore now the old feeling of brotherhood that once formed the most beautiful element in American citizenship.

The signs of the times encourage us to believe that the dangerous rule of extremists will be rejected by the people. No matter to what party they belong, their counsels are to be shunned. Although many of our Southern people may regard the election of Gen. Grant as a misfortune, we greatly mistake if events do not prove it a blessing. We have grossly erred in our estimate of the man, and have greatly misinterpreted the motives which governed him at the time of Gen. Lee's surrender, and still govern him, if he does not mean when he says, "Let us have peace," peace, not for one section only, but for all sections; and we believe further, that if the extremists of the dominant party seek to use him as a pliant tool to force the adoption of an oppressive policy, rather than one of justice and magnanimity, they will be disappointed.

We believe the surest way to the proper political reconstruction of the South, is the reconstruction of her industries. Possibly some of these cannot be restored; if not, others can be substituted. There are plenty of capitalists, who, once convinced that the situation is accepted, and that the shape affairs have assumed is regarded by the people of the South as inevitable, would not only be willing, but anxious to aid in developing the vast resources of that bruised, but, by no means, utterly destroyed section. People of the South, you owe it to yourselves, to show that you can be as energetic in peace, as you were brave in war. Cultivate your lands. Induce Northern capital to come to your help, by discouraging lawlessness, and by securing the peaceful possession of property. Let us bury the past, and look forward with courage and hope to the future; a future big with blessings and prosperity if you will; prosperity and strength such as in your palmiest days you never realized in the past. We speak what we do know, when we assure you that the masses at the North will never consent to see you systematically oppressed, and they eagerly hope for the coming time, when, with resuscitated vitality, your industries shall shoot into a vigorous growth, and you shall be richer, more peaceful, happier, than you ever could have been under the old dispensation.

But we do not plead with the South alone. We exhort all sections to put aside feelings of self-interest, and to work together for peace; peace from party bickering, from sectional wranglings; peace, not merely in name, but in verity. When we consider the possibilities of development possessed by our common country, when we picture to ourselves the results of another half-century of peace with the rest of the world, and absence of internal dissension, we feel as though we could not too strongly entreat our fellow-citizens to consider whether it is not far better to submit to temporary wrongs, until such time as they may be peacefully righted, rather than in the heat of passion to endanger the safety of the entire nation.

A spirit of moderation cultivated by such considerations, mutual concessions, rather than arbitrary and unyielding demand, on the part of those portions of our common country, whose interests may sometimes appear to conflict, will secure the united prosperity of all. The absorbing questions to which the thinking minds of the country ought to be directed, are those of political economy. The vitality of the country is so great that the wounds received in the late disastrous contest will soon close, if they are not irritated by the revival of old issues.

We implore all sections, then, to strike hands and join in an effort to advance the interests of the entire country. Do this, and our fertile valleys shall blossom; our streams blend their music with the hum of machinery; our lakes, rivers and railroads be laden with commerce, and present business stagnation give place to universal and healthy activity.

TAX ON MERCHANDISE.

Large and Influential Meeting of Nashville Merchants on the Subject.

Committee Appointed to Confer With Memphis and Knoxville Merchants.

A large number of the merchants of the city convened at the office of the Commercial Insurance Company yesterday evening, representatives being present from the following business houses, to-wit:

On motion, R. H. Gardner was called to the chair, and D. R. Dorris, of the *Banner*, and James T. Bell, of the *Union and American*, requested to act as Secretaries.

John W. Terrass stated that the meeting had been called at the request of a committee of merchants from Memphis, who desire to have a conference with a view of petitioning the Legislature to repeal the onerous rates of taxation on merchandising. He was not aware when the committee would arrive, but he had been notified of their coming.

Thomas D. Fite then offered the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, The operation of the clause of the revenue laws, imposing the one per cent. tax on merchandising, is a grievous burden on the labor and interests of the commercial class, and in its results fails to accomplish an increase of the revenue of the State, by deterring capital from investment in that business, and diverting trade to cities in which the onerous tax does not embarrass merchants; therefore,

Resolved, by the merchants of Nashville, That a committee be appointed to co-operate with those of Memphis, Knoxville and other cities in the State, in framing a report on the subject to the present session of the Legislature, to be accompanied by a petition soliciting the modification of the revenue laws in this particular.

Resolved, That the encouragement of commerce by laws, equal, liberal, and just, as compared with other branches of business, is absolutely demanded by the best interests of all classes of the community; and that the mercantile community of Tennessee, under the present tax rates, are unable to compete successfully with the merchants of cities in States contiguous; and that as a consequence, a large portion of the capital of citizens of all classes is monthly being drained from the borders of this State, and that this is in violation of sound political economy; specially injurious to a single business; and should be promptly remedied by appropriate legislation.

Maj. B. S. Rhea moved their adoption. Brief remarks were made by F. H. French, f. D. Fite and B. S. Rhea, when the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

R. C. McNairy moved the appointment of a committee representing the different branches of business, to confer with committees from Memphis, Knoxville and other cities, in regard to framing a report, and appealing to the Legislature, which motion was carried.

The Chair then appointed the following committee:

Banks, James Whitworth; groceries, John W. Terrass; tin ware and stoves, J. W. Wilson; cotton, Dr. C. N. Ordway; hardware, M. A. McClaugherty; dry-goods, T. D. Fite; crockery and China, A. H. Hicks; drugs, J. T. Pendleton; boots and shoes, A. G. Adams; clothing, John P. White; iron, C. E. Hillman.

It was then moved and carried that when the committees arrive, they be requested to report to Judge Whitworth, at the Fourth National Bank, who will then call a meeting of the merchants.

The meeting then adjourned.

THE NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.

CINCINNATI, December 2.—The National Board of Trade held a preliminary session this morning at the Council Chamber, being called to order at half past 11 o'clock by Vice-President John A. Gano. Frederick Fraley, of Philadelphia, as Chairman of the former meeting of the Convention, took the Chair ex-officio. The report of the Executive Council of the National Board of Trade was presented and accepted, with a few minor changes.

The Convention then began with the nomination of Mr. Fraley as President for this year, and he having vacated the Chair, John A. Gano, of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, was called to it. Mr. Gano's name was, however, proposed for President, and a ballot was called for, which resulted in fifty-nine votes being cast for Mr. Fraley and six for Mr. Gano. The nominations for Vice-Presidents were then entertained and was the subject of some discussion, and on which the Convention took a recess.

The Board, through their President, sent the following dispatch:

CINCINNATI, December 2.

To Alfred Fields, Birmingham, England.

The National Board of Trade of the United States, assembled at Cincinnati, to the Birmingham Chamber of Commerce—Greeting:

Great Britain and the United States of America, bound together by lineage, language and custom, may they be at perpetual peace, and their only rivalries be those for the full development of agriculture, commerce and manufactures throughout the earth and the unity of the nations in fraternal sympathy.

(Signed) FREDERICK FRALEY, President.

The report of the Executive Committee of the National Board of Trade says: "The object of the Board is to bring thoughtful and practical men together to deliberate upon the financial and industrial capabilities and exigencies of the nation."

Many unimportant measures will come up during the session, among which will be the cental system of measurement, the free and unobstructed navigation of the Mississippi, its tributaries, etc.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, December 2.—At a late hour last night at Milwaukie, the Captain of the bark D. B. Dobbins (his name is not given), went on board his vessel and after some angry words with his wife, knocked her down, jumped upon her and stamped and kicked her in such a manner that she gave premature birth to a child, which the monster seized and threw overboard. He then sent for a doctor and disappeared. The unfortunate woman is in a critical condition.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

NEWTON FORD. D. T. FORSTER,
Formerly of F. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Magras
H. FURSTENHEIM Late of Porter & Co.

NEWTON FORD & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
No. 17 Union Street,
LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us.
sep20 3m

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
sep20 3m

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,
(Successors to Wormeley, Pickett & Co.)
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
276 Front Street,
Memphis, - - - - Tennessee.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton and other Produce solicited, on which advances will be made when required.

Those who are still indebted to the late firms of Wormeley, Joy & Co., and Wormeley, Pickett & Co., are notified to come forward and settle without delay, as longer indulgence will not be given. nov10 3m

C. C. PARTEE, B. FRANK HARBERT.
Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn,
Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,
—WITH—
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 11 Union Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.
sep1 3m

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies.
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sep1 No. 226 Front street.

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
BOAT AND BAR STORES,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Between Court and Madison,)
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
aug8 3m

VIRGIL V. MOORE, EDWIN WHITFIELD
MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 1 HOWARD'S ROW,
Cor. of Union and Front Sts., Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sep18 3m

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR
MOSBY & DORION,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-Stairs,
No. 404 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by river insured, unless otherwise ordered. sep4 dawim

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years, we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep6 3m

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS.
SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,
(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.)
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
And Forwarding Merchants,
254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sep1 3m

SPRAGUE, SOULE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
BOSTON, MASS.,
REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY
THOMAS TROUT & SONS,
208 Front Street.

☞ Liberal adv

TO TH PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, *one year*.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, *one year*.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; *each subsequent insertion* 50 *cents per Square.*
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 *cents per line each insertion.*
Monthly advertisements, $8 *for first and* $4 *for each additional square.*
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*
Local Notices 20 *cents per line first insertion, and* 12½ *cents per line per month.*
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FRIDAY MORNING, DEC. 4, 1868

THE NEWS.

Mr. John R. McMurdo, of New Orleans, died on last Sunday, aged 54 years. He was highly esteemed in social life and long eminent as a financier and politicial leader.

A private dispatch announces the death of Joseph W. T. Polfrey, of Attakapas, La., formerly State Senator. He was a native of Massachusetts, but for two generations had resided in Louisiana.

A gang of coiners were arrested in New Orleans on Sunday while in the act of moulding counterfeit nickels, of which the amount of $112 60 was found in their possession, together with metal, moulds, dies, etc.

Mr. Day, Cashier of the Union National Bank, of Wilmington, Del., is a defaulter in the sum of $15,000. He lost the money in stock speculations. It is stated that his securities are ample.

A dispatch from Clarksville, dated 1st December, to the Nashville *Union and American*, says: At the tobacco sales to-day prices ranged much higher than the planters anticipated. The receipts are yet small, in consequence of the dry weather, the planters being unable to strip their tobacco.

Mary F. Wallace, of Muskegan, has sued the Chicago *Times* for libel in asserting that Mr. Wallace drank himself to death in consequence of the presentation to him by Mrs. Wallace of an infant, whom she pretended to be a Wallace, immediately upon his return from an absence of three years.

Dr. A. E. Petticolas, Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum at Williamsburg, Va., leaped from a window of the building and dashed his brains out on the sidewalk. He had long been a sufferer from asthma. The Richmond papers speak of him as one of the most distinguished physicians in Virginia.

The Nashville *Banner* of Wednesday says: The match race between Kuklux and Queen of the South came off yesterday afternoon and was witnessed by quite a number of lovers of the turf. There was very little betting on the result, but as far as any choice was indicated, Kuklux was the favorite. The Queen, however, won the race very easily in three straight heats. Time—2:31¾, 2:38, and 2:40¾. At the close of the second heat, Kuklux appeared pretty badly used up, and in the last heat the mare beat him by about an eighth of a mile.

From the Nashville *Banner* of Wednesday we learn that John R. Berry, Secretary of the "Southern Fire Insurance Company," was arraigned before Justice Cassetty, yesterday, on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, in receiving it while an officer of a bogus Insurance Company. The prosecutor asked for further time on the ground of procuring important testimony, which they were, at that time, unable to present. After the ques tion had been thoroughly argued, the time desired was granted, and the case continued until ten o'clock next Monday morning for investigation. The defendant gave bond in the sum of $1000 for himself and $500 for each of his two securities.

The Nashville *Union and American* of Wednesday says: The Senate yesterday passed on its second reading the bill from the House authorizing the Governor to issue certificates of indebtedness to the amount of $4,000,000, bearing six per cent. interest payable in the year 1900—thirty-two years hence. This is entitled a bill to restore the school fund. Thirty-three years is estimated as the period of a generation. It is said that the best legacy for children is an education, and so it is, if it can be made to take. But, when the fathers and grandfathers squander a school fund, and propose to tax posterity with the refunding, the legacy descends with a considerable encumbrance annexed. Our children and their children, however, ought to be educated, and if they understand they have to pay for it, they will, perhaps, appreciate it. It is sorely lacked in these days.

It is now stated that the day before the shooting of H. Rives Pollard, in Richmond, Grant went to the office and asked Pollard if he was the author of the obnoxious article. Pollard replied that he was, but for some reason or other refused to retract the statements Grant then offered to fight Pollard then and there, but his offer was refused. Grant thereupon told Pollard to beware; that as he had refused either to retract or give honorable satisfaction, he (Grant) would shoot him on sight, which threat he executed. It is only fair to add that Mr. Edward A. Pollard, brother of the murdered man, has published a card in which he repudiates the idea that his brother could have written the article in question. It was evidently penned, says Mr. Pollard, by a disreputable reporter who was dependent upon charity, and who had often brought the paper into difficulty by the indulgence of his depraved appetite.

THE PROJECT OF THE "SOUTHERN RAILROAD ASSOCIATION."

We have a suggestion to make to the Committee of the Board of Aldermen, charged with the consideration of the project of the "Southern Railroad Association," that they closely scrutinize the contract of this corporation with the Mississippi Central Railroad Company, and report whether all the *promises*, as well as conditions of their bond, with that road have been fulfilled to the letter, or fulfilled in any sense that would imply fairness and a determination or *ability* on the part of such Association to fulfil their future contracts. The Committee should ascertain why the Central road has not been continued, as promised by the "Association," from Jackson to Milan. This is a pertinent inquiry, and one the answer to which will have much weight in deciding the city favorably or unfavorably to the modest request of the Association, to become possessed of the bonds of the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad at ten cents on the dollar.

INSURANCE FAILURE.

The disastrous failure of the Southern Insurance Company, of Nashville, should receive the attention at the hands of the Legislature asked for by the policyholders of that company. That the business of a company could, for so long time, be carried on in a way to minister to the wants of one of the principal officers, argues gross official neglect on the part of the Board of Directors, and proves the necessity for a stringent law by which all insurance companies doing business in the State, whether home or foreign, shall be compelled to make quarterly exhibits; and their books, as well as those of the banks, be subjected to the annual scrutiny of a competent Board of Commissioners on Banks and Insurance. There is not a State in the Union whose laws are so wide of the spirit of modern insurance—life as well as fire—as those of Tennessee, and not one where the interests of the insured so much need to be guarded by that intelligent oversight afforded in other States by a public officer. Three men competent for office as State Commissioners, as above suggested, would more than save their salaries or commissions by the prevention of frauds upon the public, and the enforcement of existing laws in regard to the proportion of active capital as compared with the risks carried.

INFORMATION WANTED.

The Southern Railroad Association, who so generously propose that if the City of Memphis will give them the control of one railroad, and also money enough to build another, they will go on and build this second road and then magnanimously *own and operate both* for their own interests, have neglected so far to make clear one part of their programme. They have failed to state what authority they possess for building the proposed railroad from Memphis to Paducah! Our information is, that citizens of Memphis and of the counties along the route of the proposed line of road hold the charter for said road granted before the war; that since the war they have revived the enterprise; have procured a liberal grant of State aid for the work; that they have expended many thousands of dollars in surveys; and have a large part of their road ready for letting, and that they will actually soon put a portion of their road under contract. And this *home Company* have done all this without having as yet called on Memphis for one dollar of assistance, and without the inspiring patronage of the "Association!"

How does the "Southern Railroad Association" propose to build a road when another company holds the rights and franchises, and are pursuing in an earnest manner the objects of their charter? How can the city of Memphis confer on any combination of speculators the right to build a road over a line which she does not control?

It may be that the Mississippi River Railroad Company, which controls the chartered line from Memphis to Paducah, have agreed to sell out their franchise, their surveys and their right to State aid, to the "Southern Railroad Association," but if so, that fact ought to be known, for without such transfer it is clear that neither the said "Association," nor any other, can supercede the company so long in advance in occupying that field. Will the President of that road, Mr. A. S. MITCHELL, of Memphis, tell the public what is the present *status* of his enterprise; what are his prospects of building it; what means it will take; what his estimate of the value of the line, and what arrangements the "Southern Railroad Association" have made with his company to obtain its franchises in case they succeed in perfecting their little negotiations with the city?

THE DRY DOCKS.

We learn with regret that the $25,000 of stock in this enterprise, reported last week as yet to be subscribed, remains to be taken by our citizens. Why it is that a company, of so promising a character as this, goes a begging while "through railroads" are exciting the cupidity of moneyed men, passes our comprehension and is only explainable on the grounds of its not affording $250,000, at a cost not an equivalent for one years interest on the money.

Here we are promised, at a small outlay, a work of great utility, and that will return immediate results to the city in acquisition of population and money, and yet it is a burden upon the hands of those who two months ago initiated it with some promises of success. In the Board of Aldermen it has no friends, and the Insurance companies, who should hail it as an ally in their labor for profits, with few exceptions, give it the cold shoulder.

As it stands now, a suppliant for our aid, we think the dry dock enterprise a fair subject for treatment at the hands of the city government. We think (and we suggest that it would be well for the Board of Aldermen to give it careful thought,) that the city could afford to give sufficient of the space known as the Center landing to serve the purposes of the docks, and save to the company an outlay for location that would very nearly reach the sum of which they stand in need. If our memory serves us well, that portion of the Center landing that would be available for this purpose, is part of the accretion, which, it has been decided by the Supreme Court of the State, belongs to and is controllable by the city. If so, we see no just grounds of objection to this company having the use of so much of it as they may need, and gratuitously, say for fifteen years. The results to follow the permanent establishment of these Docks here will more than compensate the city for any loss of wharfage or rents that at present is derivable from that space. We make the suggestion and hope it will be acted upon, believing that in the absence of any disposition by our citizens to help, in money, it will secure to us what, we have faith, will be but the initial enterprise of many hereafter to redound to our credit and character as a people.

LO, THE POOR INDIAN!

On Tuesday we published in the APPEAL the facts of the programme laid down by Gen. SHERIDAN for the wholesale massacre of the Indians who disturb our military and render frontier garrison life irksome and dangerous. The telegraph yesterday, in a brief resume of an official report from that officer, gives the particulars of the first onslaught which seems to have been carried out to the letter, and to have resulted disastrously to the tribes engaged. One hundred and two Kiowas and Arrapahoes, with the great chief BLACK KETTLE, were killed, and all the equipage, ammunition and stock of the hostile unfortunates captured. The pursuit and attack were characterized by the vim that is part of the military renown of Gen. CUSTAR, and the fighting was unrelenting and cruel—even the Indian women participating.

In reading over the dispatch of Gen. SHERIDAN, we were struck by the absence of any regret for a course rendered necessary by the conduct of the white men whose robberies of the Indians incite his hostility to our race; and were forcibly reminded of the gloating dispatch of PELISIER to the government of the late LOUIS PHILIPPE, when he recounted his savage smothering of a tribe of Arabs in a cave of Algiers. No quarter, no peace, nothing but extermination awaits the Indians under the joint management of SHERMAN and SHERIDAN, both whom believe in the contradictory and untenable policy, for a Christian people, of mitigating the horrors of war by the infliction of a punishment that is in itself the sum of all its horrors. If anything were needed to prove the correctness of the position of the Indian Commissioner, Mr. NAT. TAYLOR, that the military should not be entrusted with the mangement of our Indian affairs, surely this massacre that threatens annihilation ought of itself to be sufficient.

Peace and the influences of Christianity have made of the Indian nations on our Arkansas frontier a community possessed of all the ennobling instincts and qualities of their white brethren. Among them will be found men of high intelligence, well educated, possessed of wealth directed by creditable energy in avenues of profit, lawyers, journalists, mechanics and farmers. What has been accomplished with these Indians in less than two generations, may be with those who now infest the highways of the plains and make travel, even upon our great Pacific Railroad, very dangerous. Congress should legislate upon this matter promptly, and profiting by the lesson we suggest, should initiate a policy for these people such as that which has resulted so well for the Indian Nation.

THE ALDERMANIC ELECTION.

It is time our citizens who have the real interests of Memphis at heart, were making preparations to fill the places of the Aldermen whose terms expire on the first of January next. Good, reliable and intelligent men, of conservative and economical views are needed, and will be forthcoming if reasonable assurances of their election can be given. Entering as our city is upon a career of prosperity but barely indexed by present success, she will need the exercise in her behalf of enlightened local legislation and the best energies of the best men that can be enlisted for her by the popular vote. Convinced of this, our citizens should at once make selections in their respective wards, put forward their men, and then prepare to put down all captious opposition, and beat the men that may be put forward by our enemies. We trust that no time will be lost, and that before a week passes we will be able to chronicle the names of able, discreet, conscientious and sensible candidates for Aldermen from the respective wards of the city.

BY REFERENCE to our first page it will be seen that the merchants of Nashville have joined with the Committee from the Memphis Chamber of Commerce, and have determined upon pursuing the question of a repeal of the two per cent. tax. This co-operation of the leading men of Nashville, and that of the merchants of other parts of the State, together with the pre-determination in favor of the repeal or modification of the law as expressed by Gov. BROWNLOW and other leaders of the Republican party, as well as editors, leads us to hope that the mission of Mr. W. R. MOORE and his coadjutors will be successful, to the extent of at least a modification of the tax to one per cent. upon importations only, if not to an entire repeal. We will give thanks for either, but in an especial sense for the latter result.

THE attention of our readers is directed to the report of State Comptroller BLACKBURN, and also a report of the condition of the Bank of Tennessee. Both documents are given to the public by resolution of the Legislature, and will be of interest, especially to property holders and capitalists.

By Telegraph.

NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.

Second Day's Proceedings.

CINCINNATI, December 3.—The National Board of Trade was called to order at half past nine this morning, by President Fraley.

The Rev. J. L. Robertson opened the session with a short prayer.

A communication was received from the Western Union Telegraph Company, tendering the use of its lines to the members for the purpose of transmitting messages to their friends and families.

Communications were received from the Young Men's Christian Association and the School Board, inviting the members to visit them, and thanks were returned for the same.

Mr. Randolph, of Chicago, chairman of the Committee on Credentials, presented a verbal report recommending the admission of members from the Corn and Flour Exchange of Baltimore, which was adopted.

He also reported the delegate from the Dubuque Board of Trade, and on motion of Mr. Kirtland, of Baltimore, the delegate was admitted. Also a motion admitting the delegates from the Memphis Chamber of Commerce; also, a report by the same, opposed to admitting the delegates from the Springfield, Ohio, Board of Trade, which was re-committed to the Committee.

The Executive Council then reported concerning the civil service bill, and, on motion of Mr. Wetherell, of Palladelphia, the Board was asked to favor the passage of the bill introduced by Mr. Jencks, of Rhode Island, at the last session of Congress. The whole subject was laid on the table.

The next section of the report was that the Executive Council renew the application to Congress for a charter, which was adopted. The same in reference to the Central system was referred back.

A communication from the Detroit (Mich.) Board of Trade, concerning the copper interests of the country was referred back, was referred to the Executive Committee. Another from the Louisville Board of Trade concerning the channels of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers was referred to the Executive Committee.

A communication from the United States Mail Line Company, tendering the steamer America for a pleasure excursion, was received and the invitation declined with the thanks of the Board for the kind offer.

The following resolutions, offered by the Chicago Board of Trade, were the cause of a great deal of discussion, the delegates from the East generally opposing their passage, while the Western Representatives as strongly advocated their adoption, which was finally done, by a vote of ayes 49, nays 26. They were as follows:

WHEREAS, The custom prevails in most cities at the seaboard, of selling produce, provisions and other property, nominally for cash, but in reality upon a credit to the purchasers of from five to fifteen days, and

Whereas, The Western or Interior consignor of such property has been, in many cases, obliged to suffer loss by credits so given by his consignee to irresponsible parties, and at other times has been obliged to pay largely for guarantees by his consignee of sales on a credit, *Resolved*, That it is the opinion of the National Board of Trade that all sales of grain, flour, provisions and similar property consigned for sale on owners' account to commission merchants should be sold for cash on delivery.

Resolved, That this body recommend to the local organizations associated with it the adoption of such regulations touching the sale and payment for property as will conform to the foregoing resolution.

Mr. Trezevant, of Memphis, submitted the following, which was referred:

Resolved, That it is the manifest interest of both the Government and people, that the construction of railroads should be encouraged by the former, and this can be done by permitting railroad iron to be imported free of duty.

Resolutions to secure the private property of belligerents at sea, freedom from seizure, and to make telegraphing part of the postal system, were introduced by Mr. Trezevant also, who, speaking on the telegraphic resolution, referred to the time when letters cost twenty-five cents each, and that within a quarter of a century postal rates have been reduced seven-eighths, and that telegrams may be reduced in the same way, by the Government taking hold of the business. Said he, "The Government does not carry the mails; it lets out the work by contract, and so it may do with the telegraphic system, with the same advantage to the people.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 3.—In a conversation recently, Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, told a Washington correspondent that firmness in the administration of the laws will restore tranquility, and that firmness is what the country obtains in Gen. Grant. The night before the vote was taken on impeachment, he said Gen. Grant visited Ben Wade to urge on him the restoration of Gen. Sheridan to his command in Louisiana as soon as he (Wade) become President. Butler, he said, came near being the present President, as Lincoln wanted him to run on the ticket in 1864 for Vice-President, but Gen. Butler then thought the Vice-Presidency an exceptional place.

The *Herald* says of the resignation of the British Minister, that this prompt response to the will of the British people is popularly expressed, and will be regarded with satisfaction by both friends and foes of the late premier. There was, in fact, no other alternative, and that it would be a happy thing for our own country if every cabinet minister should feel obliged to tender his resignation to the President whenever the popular will has been expressed in opposition to the measures of an existing administration. The policy of the new British ministry will, no doubt, soon be developed. In the meantime we await the course of events in Great Britain with profound interest. They may be pregnant with significant consequences, not only to the future of the whole British empire, but to the progress of Liberalism among European nations generally.

The *Herald* also commends Sheridan's movements against the Indians as the only true plan of dealing with them.

It is stated that Mr. Seward and several of his friends are making preparations to visit Europe immediately after Grant takes the Presidential chair.

Nothing remains now of Fort Lafayette but a ruined mass of brick and mortar. There is no fire on the premises. Soldiers are still on guard. Several unexploded shells remain among the ruins, and may go off at any moment. The loss to the Government will be about $250,000. Fire Marshal Kennedy took evidence yesterday as to the origin of the fire.

A letter is published from Gen. O. O. Howard to Gen. Braun, assistant Commissioner of the Bureau for Virginia, giving his reasons for closing up all but the Claim division and Educational work. He says: "I have no doubts that a continuance of the Bureau in the States not yet re-constructed, would, in many instances, be beneficial to the freedmen, but to not think its continuance absolutely necessary without other aid to protect their lives or secure to them their political rights. It is very true that in many parts of the late slave States, it is difficult for colored men to get justice in Inferior Courts, and in many counties in those States his rights are neglected or pbsitively disregarded, and in a certain class a prejudice exists, amounting to hatred, which only time can eradicate. The conduct of this class may be restrained by a wholesome enforcement of the law, but cannot be rectified by officers of this Bureau. This has been clearly demonstrated in the States which have been reconstructed, and in the unreconstructed protection can still be extended in a more summary way by the military commander, through his officers, under the authority of the reconstruction acts. Gen. Howard adds that the authorities should supply the poor with food, but if it is necessary, to prevent suffering, the Government can continue a limited issue of supplies, through its military officers. He will, he says, continue the school work in Virginia, with all the means at his command, a portion of the appropriations therefor remaining unexpended.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, December 3.—Mr. Anard publishes another letter in reply to Howe. He takes points reiterating his first assertions, (?) and disputes his conclusions respecting the charge against the government, or the means of being annexionists, and accuses Howe of encouraging and disseminating annexation sentiments among the Nova Scotians, and says that the traders of the local government have no other design than to recover their lost constitution and to occupy the same position they enjoyed two years ago, and a self governing colony of the crown. None desire annexation, but will make an effort in that direction until the constitution be exhausted, to gain their liberty; but the time may come, if the British Government continues its opposition, when the sincerity of Americans in their professions of determination to maintain the principles of the Monroe Doctrine, not to allow any community on this side of the Atlantic to be coerced to a state of vassalage, may be put to the test.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, December 3.—Lieut.-Col. Biddle, of the Twenty-fourth infantry, and other officers of this military district, have gone to Washington for the purpose, it is understood, of defeating the objects of the address and resolutions adopted by the Radical Convention of Mississippi on the 25th ult., requesting Congress to recognize the adoption of the defeated Constitution of this State contrary to the reports of the district commander, Gen. Gillem, whose report was made to and received by Congress five months ago.

A man named Wynne, hailing from Tennessee, has been arrested here, having in his possession $3000 in counterfeit money in $50 interest bearing notes, and $20 notes on the National Bank of Indianapolis.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—Since November, 1863, the sum of $966,000 has been received by the Treasury for what is known as the "conscience fund."

Of the $201,476,000 of registered bonds issued during the last fiscal year, nearly $27,000,000 were in exchange for coupon bonds, and the amount of currency, United States notes and coupons destroyed during the fiscal year was $147,000,000. An average of $5,000 pounds of legal tender and fractional currency are destroyed by maceration once in ten days.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, December 3.—The Luminary and Belle Memphis arrived to-day. The Rubicon departed for Vicksburg.

LOUISVILLE, December 3.—The river is rising, with eight feet in the canal.

The weather is cloudy and cold.

The Clifton departed for Memphis and the P. W. Strader for New Orleans.

CAIRO, December 3.—The river rose six inches to-day. It is now raining.

Up—Mary Forsyth and Commonwealth. Down—Shark, 7 p.m.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, December 3.—Gen. Grant did not visit Lawrence to-day, as was expected. The forenoon was devoted to the reception of visitors at his apartments. This afternoon he will partake of a dinner given by the City Council, at the St. James, and later in the evening he will visit the rooms of the Central Club.

Gen. Grant visited Cambridge to-day and arranged for the tuition of his son.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 3.—The races over the Metaire Course were postponed to-day on account of the heavy rain. It will probably be several days before they can be resumed.

FOREIGN.

LISBON, December 3.—Rio Janeiro dates state that the American squadron had left for Ascension. Washburne was daily expected at Rio Janeiro.

LONDON, December 3.—Mr. Gladstone has gone to Windsor.

Parliament will hold only a formal meeting on the 10th, adjourning then until the 15th of February, to give time for selecting the new Ministry.

The Bank of England has raised the rate of discount three per cent. The bullion has decreased £168,000 during the week.

Reverdy Johnson was entertained at a banquet last night by the Chamber of Commerce of Birmingham. Mr. Bright was one of the guests. Mr. Johnson, in response to the usual complimentary toasts, referred to the change in the ministry, and said he knew those who were likely to succeed were as anxious to continue the present policy in the negotiations between England and the United States. Mr. Bright said that the presence of the American Minister is proof that the United States forgives its enemies in England as freely as it forgives rebels in America. He then reviewed the policy of the British Government during the rebellion in the United States, and deplored its action in recognizing the rebels as belligerents, and said he rejoiced in the prospect of a speedy and amicable settlement of the difficulties between England and America.

The *Times* comments with severity on D'Israeli's communication. It denounces his retreat as cowardly, and says it is unprecedented, except in the case of the resignation of the Earl of Resson, who had become Premier, however, only during a recess.

The *Post*, *Telegaph*, *News* and *Standard*, applaud the prompt action of the Premier, as being calculated to save the Queen from embarrassment, and his party from needless mortification.

BERLIN, December 3.—Count Bismarck has arrived in this city.

PESTH, December 3.—The Austrian Delegation have passed the war budget. Czartarawski the Representative of the Poles, urged the adoption of the budget on the ground that Europe was in a dangerous state.

BUCHAREST, December 3.—The Premier of the new Ministry, in a speech to the Deputies, declared that it would be the policy of the Government to respect treaties, observe their obligations to the Sublime Porte, and maintain a strict neutrality towards Foreign Powers.

MADRID, December 3.—The Provisional Government has published a fixed tariff schedule for the Antilles, to take the place of the present shifting and arbitrary scale of custom duties.

Lieut.-Gen. Sause has been appointed Captain General of Porto Rico.

The Imperial newspaper predicts that if the Republicans succeed in the forthcoming elections, a new ministry will be formed, with Espartero as Prime Minister, and Ozanzes, Costes, Castello, Figarros, Somere and Surrad as the heads of Departments.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, December 3.—Cotton closed heavy and ½c lower; sales 930 bales; uplands 28½c. Flour $5 10@6 for superfine. Whisky quiet. Rice dull. Coffee in fair request. Sugar dull; Cuba 11½c. New Orleans molasses 73@83c. Corn $1 14@1 16.

Dry Goods.—Heavy brown sheetings are reduced to 15c. Portsmouth sheetings are down to 16c. Bleached cotton, Hope brand, 18½c; Androscoggins 19c; Lonsdale 19c; Ottowanna 14c; Mason ville 16c. Leading prints 12@12½c.

Money—The market is more active; call loans 6@7; sterling quiet at 9½@9¾; gold 34½@35¼; old Tennessees 79; new 68½@69.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 3.—Cotton 24½c lower; middlings 23½@23c; sales 2500 bales; receipts 913 bales; exports 3301 bales. Gold 34½. Sterling, commercial, 49½@4; bank 49¾@49¾. New York sight 5-7-16 discount. Nothing was done in produce on account of the heavy rain which prevailed all day. Sugar unchanged. Molasses creeping; common 64@65c; choice 66@66c. Superfine flour $5 @5 75. XXX $7 50@8 50. Corn, nothing was done, but it is held firm at 86c. Oats, bran and hay unchanged. Pork firm at 32c. Bacon dull; sh ulders 12c; clear rib sides 15½c; clear sides 18½c. Lard dull; tierce 16c; keg 16½@17c. Whisky steady, refined $1@1 02½. Coffee unchanged, stock light.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, December 3.—Tobacco sales 47 hhds; old logs $7@9; new trashy $4 50@5 50; cutting leaf $20 75. Cotton 23½c. Hogs $7 7@8 gross. Pork $33. Lard 16½@16c. Bulk shoulders 9½c; green meats, should rs 8c; hams 18½c; sides 16c. Wheat $1 60@1 75. Oats 56c. Corn 60@65c. Flour $5@5. Whisky 88c free.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, December 3.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Superfine flour $5@6. Wheat $1 50@2. Corn 68@70c. Oats 55@56c. Pork is held at $33. Bulk shoulders 9@9½c; sides 13½@13½c; bacon shoulders 11c. Lard 15½c. Whisky 90@95c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 3.—Family flour $7 50@8. Wheat $1 75. Corn 62@63c. Oats 58@60c. Cotton easier at 23c. Whisky 86c. Pork $22 75@23. Bulk shoulders 9c; sides 12½@13c. Lard 15½@16c. Bacon, new clear sides 15½c; hams 16½@17c. Butter and cheese quiet.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, December 3.—Consols closed at 92¾@93¾. 5-20's at 74¾.

FRANKFORT, December 3.—United States 5-20's closed at 79¾@79¾.

LIVERPOOL, December 3.—Cotton closed flat; uplands on the spot 11½d; to arrive 10¾d; Orleans 11¾d; sales 10,000 bales.

MARRIED.

WEBB—KETCHUM.—At the residence of the bride's mother, in Fayette county, Tenn., on Wednesday morning, December 2, 1868, by the Rev. T. D. Witherspoon, Mr. JOHN L. WEBB, of Memphis, to Miss ISADORE KETCHUM, of Fayette county.

JONES—RHODES.—On yesterday evening, the 3d inst., by the Rev. J. W. Knott, Mr. WM. C. JONES to Miss ANNA RHODES, all of this city.

The efficient and popular conductor of trains on the Louisville Road is doubling his responsibilities, and is now permanently engaged by Cupid on special service. The "Rhodes" here, after having first claims on his attention, will be under the superintendence of the "Rosy God." Go ahead, BILLY, and look out for squalls.

B.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LEONARD.—The friends and acquaintances of JOHN M. LEONARD are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at 3 o'clock, this Friday afternoon, from the residence of John Gwin, on the corner of Jackson and Third streets.

MASONIC FUNERAL NOTICE.

THE officers and members of Lelia Scott Lodge, No. 229 F. and A. Masons, will assemble at their Hall, this Friday evening, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of Brother FRED. HOCK, a member of this Lodge.

Members of sister city Lodges and all M. M.'s in good standing fraternally invited.

By order H. COWPERTHWAIT, W. M.
C. CURTIS, Secretary. de4 1t

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The members of Lelia Scott Lodge, No. 229, F. and A. Masons, will please be informed that the annual election takes place this Friday evening, at 7 o'clock, and govern themselves accordingly.

By order H. COWPERTHWAIT,
W. M., pro tem.
CARLTON CURTIS, Secretary. de4 1t

WANTED—A few more dining room and rotunda boys. Apply at Peabody Hotel on Saturday, the 5th.

de4 1t D. COCKRELL & SONS.

NOTICE.

FAMILIES or gentlemen desiring board at the Peabody Hotel can apply on or after Saturday, when we will be prepared to show rooms. The Hotel will be open on MONDAY, the 7th.

de4 2t D. COCKRELL & SONS.

Notice.

CASH ADVANCES will be made by us on Cotton shipped to our friends, Messrs. D. B. CARROLL & CO., New Orleans, La., or to their correspondents in Liverpool.

de4 3t MARTIN WALT & CO.

JUST RECEIVED BY

MEACHAM & TREADWELL

No. 9 Union Street,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn.

100 Hhds. Louisiana Sugars,
300 Bbls. and Half Bbls. Molasses,
300 Bags Rio Coffee,
15 Tons Beard's Button Ties,

Which, with their large assortment of Goods already in store, makes their stock one of the largest and most complete to be found in the city. They invite an examination, feeling confident their prices and goods will give satisfaction. To the trade they are prepared to offer extra inducements. de4 1f

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of Rawlings & Postal in this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts due the firm will be collected by E. C. Postal, who will also liquidate all outstanding liabilities. E. C. Postal will continue the business in the same stand.

E. C. POSTAL,
R. M. RAWLINGS.

Mr. R. M. Rawlings has been engaged to assist in conducting the business.

December 3, 1868. E. C. POSTAL.
de4 1w

CHEAP FOR CASH

WE have in store for sale low for cash or city acceptance, the following articles:
650 Sacks Prime Rio Coffee,
100 Packets Old Gov. Java Coffee—guaranteed;
300 Barrels Old and New Mess Pork,
200 Kegs Lard—choice,
25 Casks Clear Pork sides,
10 Casks Pork Shoulders,
100 Cases Sardines—half mustard and quarters;
1000 Barrels Flour—assorted brands.

A full assortment of BOAT AND BAR STORE ON HAND.

COUNTY dealers will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
274 Front Street.
de4 3t

STONEWALL FOR SALE.

OWING to the failing health of JAMES STEWART (who has been in charge of the premises as manager and partner for the last twenty-five years), STONEWALL, a farm embracing about 1200 acres of the choicest portion of the estate of the late DAVID CRAIGHEAD, situated in the bend of Island No. 34, Arkansas side, is now offered for sale.

There are on the place about 150 acres cleared, well fenced, and now in cotton and corn; one hundred acres in fine cypress timber, to which from the bank of the river is, in complete running order, a tramway, provided with railroad trucks, convenient for bringing timber for shipment. The balance of the land is heavily timbered with oak, ash, walnut, cotton wood, etc. It is well loved, and a large portion of the tract is entirely above the highest floods. There are also on the place comfortable houses, negro quarters, a gin and cotton press, barns, stables, a fine apple and a peach orchard, and everything in complete running order. Also, a number of reliable hands, who have been on the place for years, who may be employed by the purchaser. Also, mules, horses, stock hogs, oxen, etc., sufficient to work it, and valued at about $40 0. These latter, it will be desirable to dispose of to the purchaser of the land.

For further particulars apply to

JAMES STEWART, on the Premises,
R. W. JONES, 302 Front Street, Memphis.
CRAIGHEAD, BREAST & GIBSON,
de4 1m Jeanville, Tenn.

St. Louis Republican and Cincinnati Commercial (Dailies) copy one month, and send bill to D. P. Hadden, 302 Front street, Memphis.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of H. F. Davidson, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee.—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of H. F. Davidson, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 3d day of December, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
de4 1t 1s Assignee, Etc.

Lard! Lard!

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE LOW TO the trade: 100 cases LARD in 3, 5 and 7 caddies; 75 kegs PRIME LEAF LARD. All strictly choice, and of Fairbanks, Peak & Co.'s manufacture. TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
de1 1w 266 Front Street.

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO, A. E. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
nov28 1m

GOING IT ALONE.

THE late firm of POWER & McGEE having been dissolved by mutual agreement, I take pleasure in informing my patrons and friends that I have removed my place of business to No. 15 WEST COURT STREET, in the rear of Pooley & Barnum's Jewelry Store, where I can at all times be found with a well assorted stock of goods, and where I will carry on the Merchant Tailoring Business as before. Cutting and Repairing will be done on the shortest notice. JOHN POWER.
Memphis, December 1, 1868. de2 3t

THEO. HOERNER,

Analytic and Manufacturing Chemist,

Druggist and Apothecary,

54 and 56 Beal Street,

(Northwest corner of Second),

CHEMICAL ANALYSES of all descriptions made, and written reports furnished.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and everything pertaining to a first-class Drug Store. sep27 1f

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me as Trustee by Betty Lanier, F. R. Lanier and Marina Lanier, dated the 26th day of March, 1858, I will sell, as Trustee, for the purpose of paying the debts specified in said deed, they not having been paid, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at Bethell's corner, Main street, Memphis, Tennessee,

On the 5th Day of December, 1868,

The lands described in the deed of trust, to-wit: One tract of land containing about thirteen hundred acres, situated in the county of Mississippi, State of Arkansas, in Scral Bend on the Mississippi river, opposite Island No. 34, being the land purchased by Isaac Lanier of James Barrett, and on which said Isaac resided at his death; and one other tract of land situated in the same county and State, and lying on said river opposite Island No. 35, and known as the Williams farm, and purchased by said Isaac of Josiah Williams and R. H. Ewing, and a description of which will be found in their deed to said Isaac. The said Deed of Trust has been duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county of Mississippi, in Record Book Vol. 3, pages 267, 268 and 269, to which reference is made for the terms thereof. This the 27th day of August, 1868.

C. E. HILLMAN, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of the authority vested in me by Deed of Trust executed to me by James D. Ruffin on the 4th day of December, 1867, to secure the payment of certain debts therein specified, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 62, pages 526 and 527, I will, on

Saturday, the 5th Day of December, 1868,

At 10 o'clock a.m., at the northwest corner of Main and Vance streets, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, an undivided one-half interest in the following described lot or parcel of land in the city of Memphis, to-wit: The south part of block No. 27: Beginning at the northwest corner of the intersection of Main and Vance streets; thence north with the west side of Main street (100 feet) to a stake; thence west and parallel with Vance street 150 feet to a stake; thence south and parallel with Main street 100 feet to the north side of Vance street; thence east with Vance street 150 feet to the beginning. Equity of redemption waived, and the title believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee. JOHN JOHNSTON, Trustee.
November 2, 1868. nov3

CUMBERLAND HOUSE

(Late Whitemore House),

Nos. 109 and 111 Adams Street

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Tobias Wolfe, : : Proprietor.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing to his many friends and the public generally, that he has recently taken charge of the above named House. He promises, by close personal attention to the business, aided by polite and efficient assistants and attendants, to insure for his guests unsurpassed accommodation and the fullest satisfaction.

The House is centrally located, convenient to Railroad, Steamboat, Theater, Postoffice, all the Churches, and in the most cleanly, quiet and respectable portion of the city. After thoroughly renovating, refitting and furnishing the establishment, he now solicits a share of the public patronage, with the assurance that

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office--No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

TOYS at wholesale—Menken Bros. 2t

CHILDREN'S Furs. Francisco & Wiggin. 4t

TO-DAY elegant lunch at 15 Jefferson street. 1m

500 No. 1 Satinet suits, $7 50 per suit, at Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

CARPETS AND FURNITURE—Just received and for sale cheap by Ames, Beattie & Co., 396 Main street. tf

THE weather took a change for the worse yesterday, and about two o'clock it commenced raining.

IN spite of the bad weather the dry-goods stores were crowded during a good portion of the day with lady "shoppers."

ATTEND the sale at W. H. Passmore & Co.'s Auction Emporium this morning.

BANKRUPTS discharged December 3, 1868: J. F. Hull, W. H. Garrett, Peter R. Cousins and D. W. Barnett.

FOR SALE.—A good paying business. Only a small cash capital required. Address "R. S. T.," this office. 6t

THE Steve Grayson shooting affair was terminated yesterday by the discharge of Grayson, on the grounds of self-defense.

EMMETT SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 6 Madison street, has for sale City, County, and School Scrip, in amounts to suit tax payers. 2w

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has all the latest monthlies, weeklies and dailies from everywhere. New Orleans Picayune, Times and Price Current on file. tf

NEW arrival of Ladies' Furs at Francisco & Wiggin's, 307 Main street. 4t

TOYS at wholesale—Menken Bros. 2t

NORFOLK OYSTERS.—Old Virginia oysters in kegs and cans just received by Express at Memphis Oyster Depot, 36 Jefferson, at 75 cents per can. 3t

A RESPECTABLY dressed white woman stole a piece of calico from the store of Menken Bros. yesterday. She was seen, however, and arrested before she got very far with it, and was sent to the first district station.

MR. E. STEINBERG, No. 200 Front street, has our thanks for a box of Grand Duchesse smoking tobacco, which is really exquisite in flavor and taste. The motto is *voici le tabac de mon pere.*

DOES ADVERTISING PAY?—The universal answer is that it does, and there is hardly a person but can give one or more instances within his knowledge of men who have made fortunes by advertising. Ask not merely the patent medicine men, but go to men in ordinary mercantile pursuits.

200 Nice Overcoats, from $7 50 to $15, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. nov28 tf

FREE LUNCH daily at Raggio's, 15 Jefferson street. 1m

CARPETS AND FURNITURE—Just received and for sale cheap by Ames, Beattie & Co., 396 Main street. tf

PEABODY HAT! Peabody Hat! Peabody Hat! Francisco & Wiggin, 307 Main street. 4t

TOYS at wholesale—Menken Bros. 2t

FISH DAY.—Just received, at the Memphis Oyster Depot, No. 36 Jefferson, for Friday's consumption, FRESH FISH from the Gulf and the lakes. Also a large consignment of choice oysters just from Old Virginia. Call at the Depot early.

THE LATEST FASHIONS.—Our young men who desire to be up with the times and the fashions should call on McGeoy, the merchant tailor, 238 Second street, and examine his elegant assortment of clothe, cassimeres, vestings and overcoat material. McGeoy's is the handsomest stock in town, and he is prepared to make perfect fits in every style of garment. We advise our readers to call and see him without delay and make their selections. tf

CONTINUATION OF THE SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS.—The remainder of the collection, not disposed of yesterday, will be sold this morning at ten o'clock, without reserve, at the salesroom of Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co., auctioneers. Such an opportunity to secure beautiful works of art, should not be neglected by our community. We learn that the pictures are selling remarkably low.

TOYS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—Messrs. Podesta & Cazassa, corner of North Court and Main street, have on hand a very large and choice stock of Fruits and Confectionery, of the finest and most desirable qualities. They have, also, on hand, and are receiving daily, a full assortment of everything in the line of holiday toys, and especially fire-works, which they will open to the public, and offer for sale, on the 1st proximo. nov28 tf

500 Ladies' Cloaks, latest styles, and elegantly trimmed, from $6 50 to $35, at Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

CARPETS AND FURNITURE—Just received and for sale cheap by Ames, Beattie & Co., 396 Main street. tf

MINK Collars. Francisco & Wiggin. 4t

THE "Peabody" Hat a great success. For sale *only* at Francisco & Wiggin's. 4t

THE TABERNACLE FESTIVAL.—Owing to the inclemency of the weather, the ladies who are conducting this pleasant entertainment did not open last night, but will do so to-night, when a fine supper will be spread; after which the splendid cakes and fancy articles will be auctioned off. During the evening will be voted the handsome gold headed cane to the most public spirited man of our city. Contestants: W. B. Greenlaw, J. W. Farrington, Capt. Jas. Lenow and Capt. Geo. Mellersh. Also the silver service to the most popular judge. Admission free.

MEACHAM & TREADWELL.—This firm, one of the oldest as well as staunchest in our city, now have their immense building, No. 9 Union street, replete with every description of merchandise used upon the plantation. Their stock of sugar, molasses and coffees remind one of the olden time when our warehouses fairly groaned under their weight. To the planter and the country dealer they are enabled to offer such inducements as defy competition and when they say so it is their intention to do it. The greater portion of the cargo of the steamer Lady Gay, which came up yesterday, was for this house.

LADIES! All kinds of Dress Goods, lower than any place in the city, at Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

TOYS at wholesale—Menken Bros. 2t

LADIES' Furs. Francisco & Wiggin. 4t

How often do you hear the complaint from mother and father that their son or daughter is not well; that they have no appetite; that they are languid; that their head aches; that they are growing thin and feeble, and that they have no life or energy left. That they are low-spirited, and perfectly incapacitated to participate in any pleasures, or perform any mental or physical duty. And the question is often asked, what shall I do for them? or, what shall I give them? Our answer is, let them try PLANTATION BITTERS moderately—they three times a day, and our word for it they will recover.

MAGNOLIA WATER—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 3id&1w

ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.

Singular and Sad History of a Memphis Girl.

More of Man's Perfidy and Woman's Wrongs.

An "Over True" Tale.

About the close of the war, a German woman, of industrious frugal habits, and who had, in despite of the thriftless and dissipated habits of her husband, accumulated a few thousand dollars, rented a large house on ——— street, near Main, with the intention of opening a *Wirthshaus*, or inn, for her country people. The building had been occupied previous to the war, as a barracoon for a slave-trader, and was furnished with the necessary cooking and other apparatus for a cheap inn; but, as may well be supposed, it was frightfully filthy and dirty. The first care of the new occupant, whom we shall call for convenience Mrs. Bird, was to have it thoroughly repaired, cleaned and painted. She employed to do the latter work a sort of half-witted fellow, who was, withal, a good workman, but a man given to fits of aberration, when he would do the most absurb things, without knowing for a moment what he was about.

Mrs. Bird's family consisted of herself, a daughter some fourteen years of age, and an old German maid-servant, her husband having left her about a month previously and gone to St. Louis. She moved with these two into the house as soon as a room was made tenable, and all three assisted in the work of cleaning and repairing that was going on.

One day, while the daughter was out on an errand, and Mrs. Bird and the servant were in the kitchen, preparing a meal, the painter, who had been experimenting with coal oil, or benzine, walked into the kitchen with a can of that fluid, and deliberately placed it on the stove, instead, as it is supposed, of placing it upon the table. The consequence was an instantaneous and terrific explosion, which in a moment shattered the stove and the furniture and wrapped the room and its inmates in flames. The painter aroused instantaneously from his brown study or absence of mind, saw with horror the effects of his negligence, and, unburned himself, rushed to the aid of Mrs. Bird and the servant, who were both a sheet of flame. Mrs. Bird escaped to the open air, and through some means her clothing was extinguished, but although the poor painter burned his hands to a crisp in trying to subdue the flames which had seized upon the servant, he was unable to aid her, and she perished miserably—roasted to death.

Mrs. Bird, although rescued from immediate death, was destined not long to survive the terrible affair. Her injuries were of such a character that she died a few days afterwards. During the period between the accident and her death, although suffering terribly, she was perfectly lucid in mind, and caused her will to be made.

By this instrument she devised all her property and monies, amounting to some six or eight thousand dollars in her own right, to her daughter, making the proviso that the money was to be held in trust by her brother-in-law and sister, and not by her husband, for the child. She also designated a school at which she wished the girl to be placed and educated. After lingering a few days in terrible agony, Mrs. Bird died, and her brother-in-law took charge of her effects and the orphan girl and took her to his home.

Meanwhile the account of this terrible affair reached the dissipated father in St. Louis, and, sobered and crushed, he returned to Memphis, determined to get possession of his daughter, and henceforth to lead a different life. The uncle and aunt, however, were too wily, and longed too much to have the fingering of the money left to the girl to allow this, and by all means in their power, they poisoned the girl's mind against her father, so that she not only refused to go with him, but even to speak to him.

Things went on in this way for some months, the girl living with her uncle and aunt, who seemed to be very fond of her, when all at once the uncle remembered the proviso, or clause in the will about the school.

The girl, or young lady (for she was now some sixteen years old, and well developed), was hurriedly fitted out with a wardrobe, and under the charge of the uncle, some two years ago, started up the river to school.

That was the last, up to within a couple of days ago, that was ever heard of them. The aunt (whose name we will not designate, because she is an honest, virtuous woman, and should not be made to bear even ever so remotely the sins of her husband), after a couple of weeks had elapsed, and she had heard nothing of them, became alarmed, and telegraphed to the school to which they were ostensibly bound, but could learn nothing of them. She then learned that her husband had taken off with him all of the money, bonds, etc., left by her sister, and she began reluctantly to suspect foul play on his part.

Months, and even years rolled away, and no tidings came from the missing ones; and at last the aunt resigned herself to the thought that both of them had perished in some railroad or steamboat disaster, or had been murdered for their money.

Better, a thousand times better, that they had!

A few days ago—within a week—a letter was received by Mrs. ———, the aunt, in a curious, coarse brown envelope, postmarked Sing Sing, N. Y. On opening it, judge of her surprise to find that it was from her niece, who was then (and is now) a convict on Blackwell's Island, serving out a term of *fifteen years!*

Her story was as follows: Before leaving Memphis, and while an inmate of her uncle's family, he seduced her, and when they left Memphis so hurriedly, ostensibly to place her at school, it was to avoid the publicity and disgrace which would soon have been too apparent to conceal. The seducer told his victim that they would take the money and bonds and go to Europe, where they could live in ease and comfort always, and on these and other promises she went with him. He carried her to New York, where they stopped until her baby was born, when one day he left her, and she never saw him again. The letter does not explain how or why, but as the sequel shows, she murdered her child, was detected in the crime, tried and sentenced to the penitentiary for fifteen years.

The above, with all its air of romance, is true, "o'er true," every word of it, and many, if not all our German residents, will recognize the story and characters that are here introduced. It is another illustration of the old saying, that truth is stranger than fiction.

SANITARY.—Doings of the Sanitary Department of Metropolitan Police for November, 1868: Nuisances reported: Full privy vaults, 16. Filthy—Privy vaults, 14; yards, 32; vacant lots, 3; cellars, 2; houses, 3; stables, 3; hog pens, 7; sewers, 3; gutters, 15; alleys, 21; cisterns, 1. Obstructed—Sidewalks, 7; streets, 2; alleys, 3; gutters, 13. Throwing garbage in street, 4; piles of manure, 6; ponds of stagnant water, 2; violation water spout ordinance, 20; gutters out of repair, 16. Unsafe—gutters, 4; cisterns, 3; wells, 4; privy vaults, 6; sewers, 2; bridges, 1; streets, 2; awnings, 1; paving notices served, 77; total, 293.

Nuisances abated for the month ending November 30: Privy vaults, cleaned, 30; yards, 32; vacant lots, 3; cellars, 2; houses, 3; stables, 3; hog pens, 7; sewers, 3; gutters, 28; alleys, 24; cisterns, 1; sidewalks, 7; streets, 2; throwing garbage abated, 4; piles of manure removed, 6; ponds of stagnant water drained, 2; watersput ordinance abated, 5; cisterns and wells repaired, 7; privy vaults, 5; sewers, 2; bridges, 1; streets, 2; awnings, 1; paving notices complied with, 47—not, 30; waterspout ordinance complied with, 15; gutters not repaired, 20; total, 293.

C. B. SMITH, Sanitary Sergt.

100 Dozen pairs Cotton Half Hose at 10c per pair, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. nov28 tf

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT AND CIRCUIT COURT—*Hon. Connelly F. Trigg, presiding.*—There was a large attendance at this court on yesterday, and a great amount of business transacted.

Mr. Wm. Pepper was excused from further service on the grand jury, also Mr. Provine, on the traverse jury.

Case of Grisham vs Lane, dismissed at the cost of defendant.

Case No. 829, circuit docket, was continued by consent.

In the case of the United States vs 1500 bales of cotton, now the counsel, Judge P. T. Scrugge, asked that the condition of the bond shall be changed so as to protect the interests of other claimants, provided the cotton is not forfeited to the Government. His honor, Judge Trigg, said the bond was given in strict accordance with the rules of court, which rule was founded upon the act of Congress.

In cases 822 and 825 judgment was taken by default.

Cases 75 and 76, equity docket, are continued by consent.

In the case of St. Louis sectional dock company, a decree has been issued against M Pyne and James Lee, jr., for $4136 67 with the privilege of paying it in twenty days, otherwise will be sued on attachment.

Applications were made for the appointment of United States Commissioners, as follows: Wm. A. Woods, of Ripley, Lauderdale county; James L. Stephens, of Jackson, Madison county, Tenn.; Isaac M. Hudson, of Paris, Henry county, Tenn; and H. P. Woodard, of Memphis.

In the case of John P. Read, of Brownsville, lately appointed United States Commissioner, Mr. L. D. McKisick read from Brightley's Digest and referred to adjudicated decisions to show that a United States Commissioner was not required to give bond or be sworn. He said that after carefully examining the law, he found no statutes and no act of Congress which required a Commissioner of the United States to take an oath of office. Marland L. Perkins, Esq., in presenting the name of James K. Stephens as a suitable person to be appointed United States Commissioner for Jackson, said that it seemed to him the rule ought to be a uniform one. Either those heretofore appointed United States Commissioners, and who had not taken the test oath, ought to be relieved of service, or else those now to be appointed ought to be let in on the same oath that was heretofore administered. Either all should take the test oath, or all be excused from taking it. Question held over for consideration.

The case of Harris vs. Butler, wherein Harris resists the discharge of Butler as a bankrupt, Harris not having proved his debt, was taken up and argued by Mr. McClanahan, of Jackson, Tenn. Butler being in debt, even to insolvency, conveys various tracts of land to the value of $10,000 to his father for the consideration of $2400. Subsequently his father, without consideration, conveys the same lands back to his wife, and appoints his son her trustee. Harris failed to prove his debt, because if he did so, by the twenty-first section of the bankrupt act, he would forfeit his claim except to a joint participation with other creditors in the assets of Butler, but files a petition to prevent Butler's discharge as a bankrupt, having a suit already pending the State Court, to attach the said lands in payment of his claims. The petition of Harris to prevent Butler's discharge is resisted because of his failure to prove his debt in the bankrupt court—the question being whether a party having debts provable against a bankrupt, but not having them, is a creditor under the bankrupt law. Mr. McClanahan read various provisions of the law itself, as well as the forms of notice provided by the Supreme Court Judges, and also from various decisions, wherein it had been decided both ways, and showed both the law itself, as well as equity, required that all parties interested in a bankrupt's estate, should have the privilege of making apparent any act of fraud in the bankrupt. The question is a new and important one, and Mr. McClanahan's argument was listened to with marked attention by the members of the bar generally. It remains to be further argued by Mr. Humes on the same side.

The case of Anderson vs White, was taken up, and the jury empanneled. Pending the examination of witnesses, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—Case of Wilkins vs. McGrath—ejectment suit—disputed boundaries—judgment for plaintiff. The motions of Mr. Donovan and Mr. Matthias for judgment over against successful parties for their fees came on to be heard yesterday, and was argued at length by various counsel. The court held, 1st: That in original suits commenced in this court the successful parties are liable to the officers of the court for those fees which have accrued at their instance, upon execution against the unsuccessful parties being returned *nulla bona*. 2d. That in cases brought from a lower court to this court by defendant's appeal or petition for certiorari, the defendant, though successful, is in like manner liable for costs accrued at his instance. 3d. That the liability of successful parties does not include their sureties.

The calendar published yesterday was called and all the cases disposed of, mostly by continuance. To-day the following cases will be called:

1281 Watson vs Reeser.
1282 Pyne vs Murphy.
1283 Temple et al vs Yerger.
1284 Rice, Stix & Co vs Hirst.
1285 Hamilton vs Moran.
1286 McElroy vs Malone.
1288 Roach & Co vs Hirst, Strange & Co.
1289 Jennings vs Hough.
1290 Fraser & Willett vs Feldman.
1291 Carr vs Coldwell.
1292 Bates vs Angler.
1293 Hillman & Co vs Jones.
1294 Howell vs Olmstead.
1295 McAdams vs Gardner.
1296 Baker vs Mabry.
1297 Morrow vs Brookshire et al.
1298 Mitchell, Hoffman & Co vs Brown.
1299 Malone vs Swaup.
1300 Davis vs Barton.
1301 Same vs same.
1302 Merrill-on vs Smith.
1303 Hassell vs Kelly.
1304 Augen vs Kuckley et al.
1305 Ames, Woodbury & Jones vs Cogswell and wife.
1306 Watson vs Cunningham.
1307 Grant vs Morgan.
1308 Thompson vs Tipping.
1309 Mitchell, Hoffman & Co vs Pfannestiehl.
1310 Barker vs Way & Co.
1311 Montgomery vs Beaumont.
1312 Sullivan vs Captain and owners steamer Guidon.
1313 Same vs same.
1314 Dougherty vs Evetts.
1315 Conley vs Joyce.
1316 Perkins vs Swamp.
1317 Creighton & Co vs Musso.
1318 Wickersham et al vs Steinkuhl.
1319 Same vs same.
1320 Holeslin vs Pfannestiehl.
1321 Jenki vs Wildeberger, adm'r.
1322 Wildeberger vs Brown.
1324 Hook & Baymiller vs Levy.
1325 Rice, Stix & Co vs Rose.
1326 Gospel adm'r vs Church.
1327 Bridges et al vs Hines.
1328 Englebach vs Sudder.
1329 Harris vs Needler.
1330 Johnson vs Green & Co.
1331 McCarty vs Collin.
1151 Potter vs German National Bank.
817 Young vs School Visitors.

Attorneys are reminded that these are mostly appeals from Justices and that the calendar will doubtless be gone through with rapidly.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—Convenes at 10 o'clock a.m. to-day, which is motion day. The roll of attorneys will be called, commencing at letter A. The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Watson vs. Walker et al., and Copse vs. Thomas & Phillips. The papers in the case of Zance et al vs. Estialamachia and others, are missing. The attorney who has them will please return them without delay to the Clerk and Master of this Court.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The calendar published for yesterday was not disposed of. The same will be taken up this morning, beginning at No. 1260. There will be no informal call of the docket.

CRIMINAL COURT—*J. E. Bigelow, Judge.*—This Court was still engaged in the trial of State vs Henry Jones up to a late hour yesterday evening. It is probable that this case will be concluded early to-day, when the case of State vs Jas. Brown, indicted for murder, will be called for trial.

50 Dozen good Men's Hats at $1, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. nov28 tf

THERE IS NO instance on record where a man who advertised liberally failed of success.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Condensed Report of the Proceedings of Tuesday, Dec. 1st.

NASHVILLE, December 1, 1868.

Senate.

Senate met at 10 o'clock a.m., Speaker Senter in the chair and twenty members present.

By Mr. Lindsley: Bill incorporating the Tennessee Agricultural and Mechanical Association for the purpose of promoting improvements in all the various departments of agriculture, including fruits, vegetables and ornamental gardening, the promotion of the mechanical arts, in all their various branches, the improvement of the race of all useful and domestic animals, the general advancement of rural economy and household manufactures, and the dissemination of useful knowledge upon these subjects. The association is allowed to purchase any quantity of land, not exceeding 200 acres, the same to be exempt from taxes for thirty-three years. Passed first reading.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

No. 240: Authorizing the State Treasurer to dispose of the remnants of the State armory.

On motion of Mr. Garner, the resolution was withdrawn for amendment.

Mr. Nelson entered a motion to reconsider House joint resolution No. 212, raising a committee to settle the accounts of railroad receivers.

House.

The House met at 10 a.m., Speaker Richards presiding and sixty-four members present.

NEW BUSINESS.

By Mr. Reed: Bill to incorporate the Giles County Blood horse Association. Passed first reading and referred to Committee on Incorporations.

By Mr. Rawson: Resolution, as follows: That the Committee on Finances investigate into and report by bill or otherwise such action, if any, as is necessary to secure the interest of the State in its claim on the Tennessee National Bank of Memphis.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

To incorporate the Memphis Preserving Company. Passed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The considerations of House bills on second reading was renewed.

To incorporate the Memphis Bethel. Passed.

To restore the shool fund; authorizing the Governor to issue certificates of indebtedness for $2,000,000, bearing six per cent. interest per annum, payable in the year 1900, to supply the wasted school fund of the State. Passed.

To amend the act incorporating the Tennessee and Pacific Railroad, so as to allow the East Tennessee and Western, North Carolina, and Cleveland and Dalton Railroad Companies to use the $10,000 per mile granted by the State, as soon as they have graded the first ten miles of said roads. Also an amendment extending the same privilege to the Southwestern Railroad Company.

Adjourned to 10 a.m. to-morrow.

THEATER.—In spite of wind and rain the New Memphis was more than comfortably filled last night, and while not crowded, as on Wednesday night, every chair was filled from pit to dome. The audience was, as has been the case every night, composed largely of ladies, all of whom seemed to enjoy the graceful and beautiful dances and ballets, as much as any gentleman in the house. Mrs. Cline was, as usual,—well, charming, though that is a word which faintly expresses the admiration which she has excited in every audience before which she has yet appeared in our city. The enthusiasm with which she is greeted in every little act, shows how deeply she has ingratiated herself in the hearts of the play-going public. The *corps de ballet*, including its accomplished *maitre*, is worthy of far more attention than Memphis audiences have yet paid them,—though the applause was a little bolder last night than on any previous occasion. Again we urge the audience to encourage those who are doing their best to please them, and are furnishing an entertainment which Milan might not frown at, and which would grace the stage of either Vienna or Munich. The *premieres danseuses* are not alone, either, in their merits; for among the *coryphees* and *corps* there are those whose motions are grace itself. One especially, a tall handsome girl, who dances the "can can" like an angel, has been the source of much admiration. The gentlemen, Messrs. McWade, Malmburg, Lanagan and Dovey, are all prime in their parts, and add not a little by their apt conceptions and impromptus to the fun of the thing. The play is repeated to-night, and we advise everybody to go and see it.

THAT REWARD.—Police Commissioner Burditt, and the sharp New Yorkers, who are trying to diddle our detectives out of their well earned reward in the Marsh embezzlement case, have not yet settled the matter of the reward. Col. Burditt refuses to obey the summons or to give up the bonds until the reward is arranged for. He is right, and has our full sympathies. We hope he may be able to defeat the sharpers who are trying "Tombs practice" in Memphis courts.

A LITTLE IMPOSTOR.—There is a little boy, apparently some twelve years of age, who hangs around the doors of the theater during the performance, and knowing the name and profession of everybody, as gentlemen come out or go in, importunes them for a quarter to help pay his way in. If he is offered a ticket he refuses it and walks off. We saw him collect several quarters in that way last night. We warn theater-goers against him.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank Pheiffer, the well known oyster packer of Norfolk, Va., is in the city on a short business visit.

Our townsman M. J. Wicks, Esq., was in Nashville on Wednesday, stopping at the St. Cloud.

The Rt. Rev. Charles Todd Quintard, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Tennessee, arrived in this city yesterday, and is the guest of R. C. Brinkley, Esq.

LADIES! If you want a good Cloak for little money, go to Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

DRY GOODS
—AT—
WHOLESALE!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS
New Styles Prints,
New Styles Linseys,
Osnaburgs,
Kentucky Jeans,
Tennessee Plaids,
OFFERED LOW
—TO—
CASH BUYERS!
MENKEN BROTHERS,
Corner Court and Main Sts.

AMUSEMENTS.
NEW MEMPHIS THEATER
This and Every Evening Until Further Notice,
THE GREAT SPECTACLE OF THE
WHITE FAWN,
Introducing the
Greatest Transformation Scene
Of the age.
ALSO—WHITMAN'S GRAND
PARISIAN BALLET TROUPE.
nov30 tf

AUCTION.
GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER
Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,
No. 276 Second St, Ayres Building,
de1 tf Memphis, Tennessee.

BUSINESS PROPERTY
ON SATURDAY NEXT, DECEMBER 5TH, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, we will sell, at auction, to the highest bidder,
THREE 3 STORY STOREHOUSES
SITUATED ON THE
South Side of Court Street
Near the intersection of Charleston Avenue and opposite the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Depot. These Houses are nearly new, three stories high, built substantially and of the best material, and are good business stands.
We will sell this property to the highest bidder for one-half cash and balance in six and twelve months.
The Houses will be sold separately. Titles indisputable.
MONSARRAT, LANIER & CO.,
Auctioneers.
de3 3t

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE LOTS
—ON—
ADAMS AND WASHINGTON STS.
ON MONDAY,
December 7th,
We will sell, WITHOUT RESERVE, at our Salesroom, corner Main and Jefferson streets, at 3 o'clock p.m., that very desirable and centrally situated property at the
Corner of Adams and High Sts.,
Extending northward to Washington street, with a front on Adams and Washington of 95 feet by a depth of about 150 feet to an alley, being some of the choicest Lots in the city in regard to convenience to business, and all the advantages desired for a first-class city residence.
TERMS—Third cash, and 6 and 12 months, with interest. The sale is peremptory, and for the convenience of the business community the hours of sale is fixed as above. Parties are desired to examine the property before the sale.

VALUABLE SHELBY COUNTY FARMS
—AT—
PUBLIC SALE.
We will sell, to the highest bidder, on
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15th,
Upon the premises, through Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co., Auctioneers, that
Valuable Farm,
Belonging to the estate of the late George L. Holmes, situated on Big Creek, about 12 miles northeast of Memphis, in one of the most desirable farming portions of the county.
The farm will be subdivided and sold in tracts of from 150 to 200 acres, advantageously laid off in cleared and timbered land, and upon easy terms, to-wit: Third cash, balance in one and two years, without interest.
Also, at the same time and place, the Horses, Mules, Stock, Corn, Plantation Utensils, etc., on the farm, will be sold for Cash.
GEO. C. HOLMES,
W. R. HOLMES,
Heirs and Administrators.
Royster, Trezevant & Co., Auctioneers.

FINE ARTS!
CATALOGUE OF
125 OIL PAINTINGS,
Embracing Choice Works from Eminent Foreign and American Artists,
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,
At our Salesroom, 240 Main Street, corner of Jefferson, on
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
December 3d and 4th.
The whole collection is now arranged for Public Exhibition until day of sale.
Among the superb collection will be found choice Works of Art by the following Celebrated Artists: E. C. Coates, Scrober, Van Stouter, L. S. Spencer, Myerheim, Northcote, W. Hart, Rosbotom, Diebch, Cropsey, Church, F. P. Leitch, and many others of equal eminence.
The Paintings are all mounted in heavy Gold Leaf Frames, and every frame warranted gilt, with pure gold leaf, and made from the best seasoned stock.
Frames and Paintings will be Sold Together.
The collection has been contributed by the Artists themselves, and shipped direct from the Artists' Salesroom, 80 Nassau street, N. Y.
Terms, cash or city acceptance.
Royster, Trezevant & Co.,
nov21 AUCTIONEERS.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
37 Union Street,
THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 tf

NOTICE.
SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Jacksonport, Jackson county, Arkansas, until the first day of January, 1869, for the erection of a BRICK COURT HOUSE, with iron window caps and sills, iron cornice, stairways and balconies, slate and tin roof. The size of said building 50 by 70 feet, with center projections on each side and end, of two by fifteen feet, carried up with dormitories; to be two stories high, with mansard or French roof, belfry and dome.
Plan and specifications can be seen at this office. Three annual payments, to be made according to the progress of the work, and the house is to be completed by the first of January, 1870, and the payments to be made according to the reports of the Internal Improvement Commissioner to the county.
RILEY KINMAN,
de2 1m Sheriff of Jackson County, Ark.

Yeast for Distilleries,
THE undersigned is prepared to furnish to Distillers, No. 1 stock Yeast, for distilling purposes, at the shortest notice. Orders left at No. 1 Howard's Row, will be promptly filled.
nov18 tf F. BENOIT.

DRY GOODS.
A CARD TO THE PUBLIC
—AND—
ESPECIALLY TO OUR PATRONS.
OUR facilities by the late great decline of all kinds of Dress Goods and Fancy Articles, and through our purchases we are enabled to sell our well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Boots, Shoes and especially Clothing, which we intend to close out regardless of cost at such prices as to excel all other houses in this city.
CHEAP TABLE
—OF—
FANCY ARTICLES
WHICH WILL SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Ladies of Memphis and Vicinity,
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. Our prices will at once convince you that we are STILL MASTERS OF THE FIELD.
SAVE MONEY! BUY CHEAP!
—AT—
No. 280 Main St.,
Opposite the Clay Building.
GREAT DECLINE OF PRICES
—AT—
M. WOLF & CO.'S
230 MAIN STREET.
Just Received and Purchased at Panic Prices:
BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!
Bombazines,
Irish and French Poplins,
French and English Merinoes,
A Splendid Line Plain and Changeable Alpacas---very cheap;
Chameleon and Waterproofs,
Empress Cloth,
Mohair and Wool Plaids,
All Wool Delaines,
500 dozen Merino and Cotton Hosiery,
Lad and Child Underwears,
HOOP SKIRTS
In style to suit the humblest, and
In Prices to Defy all Competition.
Lad and Gents' Hemstitched, Plain and Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Bonnet Ribbons, 40 cents per yard.
nov21 1m

A CARD.
I WISH to employ CANVASSERS for a second edition of "PRISON PROSE AND POETRY OF THE SOUTH." An active man can average from $10 to $15 per day, as the inducements I offer are liberal. References required.
Proprietors of newspapers by giving this two insertions, with a line or two of editorial, calling attention to the same, will be entitled to a copy of the work as soon as published.
Address, R. H. JONES,
Lewisburg, West Va.
REFERENCES:
Virginia—Gen. John Echols, Staunton; Col. R. T. W. Duke, Charlottesville; Col. John Goode, Norfolk; Col. W. R. Staples, Christiansburg; Col. W. Skeen, Covington; Maj. B. F. Kable, Richmond; Capt. T. D. Houston, Fincastle.
West Virginia—Gen. John McCausland, Point Pleasant; Maj. R. R. Saully, Charleston; Hon. Samuel Price, Lewisburg; Hon. A. T. Caperton, Union.
Tennessee—Jas. T. Peyton, Attorney at Law, Memphis.
Louisiana—Maj. Geo. McKnight, Gen. M. Jeff. Thompson, Col. J. O. Nixon, New Orleans.
Mississippi—Flourse & Pitman, Attorneys at Law, Vicksburg.
Georgia—Maj. S. Y. Levy, Attorney at Law, Savannah.
South Carolina—Dr. W. S. Plummer, Columbia.
North Carolina—Gen. D. H. Hill, Charlotte.
dec3 2t

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.
AT REDUCED RATES.
C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.,
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup.
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ASHBROOK & WHITE,
(Successors to Geo. Philler & Co.,)
DEALERS IN
FURS, DEER SKINS
—AND—
HIDES,
ADAMS STREET,
Bet. Front Row and Water Sts.,
North Side.
CASH PAID FOR
HIDES, FURS & DEER SKINS.
dec1 tf

CHAMELEON POPLINS,
EMPRESS CLOTHS
BLACK ALPACCAS,
JUST RECEIVED,
MENKEN BROTHERS
OPERA FLANNEL,
SILK FLANNEL,
WELSH FLANNEL,
SHAKER FLANNEL,
MENKEN BROTHERS.
10-4 WHITE BLANKETS $4 PER PAIR,
BLANKETS AT VERY LOW FIGURES,
VELVET CLOAKS, RICH DESIGNS, CLOTH CLOAKS
MENKEN BROTHERS.

BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS,
LUMBER, SHINGLES,
LATH, DOORS,
BLINDS, SASH,
Cheap as cheapest. Orders from the country promptly filled.
W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,
nov22 3m Adams Street, Opposite Bradley Block.

The Oldest Dry Goods and Clothing House in Memphis Twenty-Two Years in the City!
J. D. MICKLE,
LATE OF MACK BROS. & BOHM,
—WITH—
WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, FANCY AND STAPLE.
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
NOTIONS AND FURNISHING GOODS,
And Manufacturers and Dealers in
Ready-Made Clothing
IN EVERY QUALITY. ALSO,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
229 Main St., Clay Building.
☞ Especial attention of Merchants and Dealers generally is called to examine ours, the Largest and Best Assorted Stock in this City. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in this city, or by any one this side of New York.
oc18 WALKER BROS. & CO.

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY
No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.
FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS
DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES
Capital Represented, : : : : : $8,000,000 00
☞ Life and Accident Insurance, at Low Cash or Participating Rates, can be obtained, and Policies Granted from this Office.
sep17 3m H. P. BUTLER, General Agent.

FOR
GAS FIXTURES & PUMPS
—GO TO—
LUNN & MALLON,
No. 204 MAIN STREET.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,
GOODBAR & GILLILAND,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES
HATS AND CAPS,
No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.
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COTTON GINS.
EAGLE COTTON GINS.
WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of these unrivalled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.
McCOMBS & CO.,
Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns,
225½ and 224 Main Street,
jy11 dawtm Memphis, Tenn.

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.
THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.
S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
S. H. DUNSCOMB, : : : Vice-President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : Secretary.
F. M. NELSON, : : : Ass't Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
A. VACCARO, S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON, M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD, E. McDAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.
oc29 tf

STILL TRIUMPHANT!
G. F. Filley's "Old Reliable"
CHARTER OAK STOVE
MAINTAINS its reputation as the BEST STOVE IN THE MARKET. J. F. Schabel & Co., 227 Main street, are the ONLY AGENTS for Memphis. Always see Filley's name on each Stove. A good supply of Cooking and Heating Stoves, Grates, Castings, Copper, Tin, Sheet-Iron and Pressed Ware always on hand.
☞ Job Work promptly attended

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, December 3, 1868. }

FINANCE.

The money market is easy but small bills are very scarce, so much so as to cause very great inconvenience in all branches of trade.

Exchange at some of our banks is short but at others the supply is abundant. Rates in consequence vary. All eastern bills are taken at ½ to ¾ discount, and New Orleans sight at ¼ to ½ discount. Selling at par to $2 per $1000 discount to customers, and between bankers at ¼ discount. The counter demand is light upon all points.

Gold in New York opened to-day at 135 and closed at 135¼. Erie opened 38¼. N. Y. Central 133½. Erie closed 33½. Central, 134½.

County Scrip does not seem to be affected by the light demand now coming from tax payers. Speculators are upon the market and sellers find no trouble in selling at 75 to 76c. Some brokers, however, prefer to hold off for a few weeks and bid but 74c.

City Scrip is weak but not lower than yesterday, and some brokers have gone off the market. We heard of sales at 80@81c. to dealers, who re-sell at 82@83c. in a large and small way.

Police Scrip is steady at 90@92c. buying. Selling at 94@95c.

School Scrip is firm. Dealers buy at 85@87c. and sell at 90@95c. as to amount.

Holders of City Bonds, as the time approaches to draw the January interest, are less disposed to sell. A sale of $10,000 paving bonds, occurred to-day at 51c. and a fair inquiry was reported at 51½@52c. for plain bonds, but no sales so far as we could learn.

Brokers are again compelled to make a shipping margin upon gold in consequence of the falling off in the counter demand. Offerings are improving slowly. Buying at 134@134¼c. and selling at 135@136c.

The time on which debtors may be discharged from their debts by filing petitions under this law has been changed once, and it is now generally understood when it does expire. It will, therefore, be a matter of public interest to both the creditor and debtor, to know that unless he petition is filed by the debtor during he present month, he cannot be discharged from his debts, unless his estate pays fifty cents op the dollar, as the fifty per cent. clause applies on all petitions filed on and after January 1, 1869. Such as file petitions this month may be discharged, whether they have any assets or not.

The Hudson River Railroad Company has just resolved to issue $21,000,000 new stock, to take up an equal amount of the bonded debt which matures February 1—the old stockholders to have the privilege of taking the new at par. The transfer books will close January 10, and reopen on the 21st.

We publish the following communication in reference to our article of yesterday. We gave the item merely as a rumor, and hope that the following will be entirely satisfactory upon the subject:

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In your issue of yesterday (commercial column) I find the following paragraph:

"We learn that some of the city officers who inhabit Exchange Building are very much incensed because they were not invited to attend the recent supper given to Hon. Mr. Leftwich, and that in the intensity of their wrath and mortification, they are threatening investigations of various kinds. We give this as mere rumor upon the streets, and hope, if any dereliction of duty upon the part of those who have our city finances in charge can be brought to light, that it will be done without delay. We have at all times supported the views of the City Finance Committee, but if they have misappropriated City Bonds, we have issued them to the detriment of the interests of the city, we will be equally as prompt in denouncing their action."

To correct what you state to be a "mere rumor," and in justice to the City Finance Committee, I will state that every city officer in Exchange building, whom I have seen, denies the imputations contained in the foregoing paragraph. There may have been some expressions of regret upon the part of city officers that they were not permitted to enjoy the honors conferred upon the chief executive officer of the city to whom they all feel very much endeared, both for his ability in the administration of city affairs and his many kindly courtesies to them, but as to any threats of investigations, or even an insinuation of unfairness of any kind upon the part of the Finance Committee, the "mere rumor" which you have seen proper to publish, is, I am satisfied, without the slightest foundation in fact. Being the City Treasurer, I profess to be somewhat familiar with the issuance of city bonds and with the manner in which they have been appropriated, and I can say that the views of the Finance Committee, as indorsed by the Board of Aldermen, and which I presume are familiar to the public, have been fully and fairly carried out, and I will show any gentleman who will inquire at this office, how every bond has been disposed of, and how accounted for. W. H. BRIDGES.

I was not in the city when the entertainment above referred to was given to our worthy Mayor, and know nothing of the troubles indicated in the above article. I can say that I fully indorse what has been written by Mr. Bridges.

R. J. MORGAN.

A meeting of the policy holders of the Southern Fire Insurance Company, of Nashville, was held in Knoxville on the 24th ult. The Committee appointed at a previous meeting reported in substance that the policies of the Company amounted to $4500, upon which they had received $180,000 in cash and $274,000 in notes. They have now made a call for fifty per cent. of those notes. This fifty per cent. added to the $180,000 in cash makes the round sum of $317,250!

They published to the world as long ago as January 1, 1868, that they had an accumulated fund of $200,000; and as late as August last they published a list of losses paid, amounting to the insignificant sum of some $15,000.

Assuming says the Committee that they commenced without any cash capital, and that their statement as to accumulated fund was wholly false when made, we have reliable data upon which to predicate a calculation, which leads irresistibly to the conclusion that the present effort to extort money from the policy holders is a deliberate, premeditated attempt to swindle. More particularly are we of this opinion when the further fact is taken into consideration that some, if not all, of the managers of the Company are the same parties who, some years since, victimized the people of the Northwest in a similar manner.

Legal advice has been secured and it was resolved to memorialize the Legislature, now in session, to take some action upon the matter, as well as to reduce the tax on Foreign companies.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market was quiet at the opening to-day. Uplands, 11½@11¾d; Orleans, 11¾@11¾d. At 1:20 it was dull and tending downwards. Uplands, 11½@11½d; Orleans, 11¾@11¾d. It closed flat with sales 10,000 bales. Uplands afloat, 10½d; Orleans, on spot, 11¾d.

The New York market opened dull and heavy, with prices nominal. At noon it was dull and had declined ⅛c. Low Middling, 24c; Middlings, 24½c; Mobile, 25c; Orleans, 25½; Good Middlings, 26c. At 4 p.m. it was quiet and weak, Low Middlings, 23½c; Uplands, 24½c; Mobile, 25; Orleans, 25½; Good Middlings 25⅞. Sales 900 bales.

The New Orleans market at 2:15 p.m. was declining with sales of 15,000 bales. No quotations given.

Our market was quiet with no disposition on the part of either buyer or seller to operate. The former were looking around but would not come up to sellers' views, who had relaxed very little on their ideas of yesterday. We quote as follows, with buyers offering 22¼c. for Middlings:

Ordinary	21½@—
Good Ordinary	22 @23¼
Low Middlings	22½@—
Middlings	23 @—
Strict Middlings	23¼@23½
Good Middlings	24 @—

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, December 3, 1868. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,083	
Received previously	95,191	96,276
		96,323
Exported to-day	2,909	
Exported previously	85,062	88,971
		7,352

TRADE.

Business was not active to-day and prices are without change. This is generally a quiet day in our general markets owing to the absence of all local packets, and the weather, which has turned disagreeable, with dark clouds hanging overhead and threatening rain, no doubt added to the quietness which prevailed upon our streets.

The proceedings of the National Board of Trade, which is now in session at Cincinnati, will be read with interest by the business men of Memphis.

The whisky market has become firmer in the last day or two, but prices have not advanced. The low price of corn at this point enables our distillers to sell high wines as cheap as they can be bought in Cincinnati or St. Louis. Sales have been made at $1, which is much less than they can be laid down here at from other markets.

The late Railroad project of Tate & Co., finds no favor among our business men. Nine out of ten think that there is more at the bottom of it than the welfare of our city, and this opinion is based upon the fact that promises heretofore made by this Company have not been fulfilled. We are satisfied that the Committee to whom the matter has been referred, will report adversely upon many objectionable portions of this *very modest* petition.

CINCINNATI.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

PROCTOR & GAMBLE

CINCINNATI.

SOAP, CANDLES, OILS,

Starch, Toilet Soaps, Refiners of Lard.

☞ Candles SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT. Send for Price List. oc22 3m

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIE

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,

Cotton Commission Merchants

No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep6 1y

COAL.

MOUNT CARBON COAL

No. 20 Madison Street,

W. C. POSTAL, AGENT.

del tf

HAYS COAL COMPANY,

DEALERS in best Pittsburg Coal. Coal shipped by the car load and in hogsheads. Office 22½ Main street, Memphis, Tenn. se23 tf

HERZOG & BRO.

No. 294 Main Street,

Clark's Marble Block,

Are offering to the trade at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

Their entire and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

TRIMMINGS,

ZEPHYRS, YARNS, ETC.

We are in receipt of new Goods, and invite the attention of the people of Memphis and vicinity to the inducements offered. nov29

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of POWER & McGEOY is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts due the firm will be collected by Mr. G. R. G. Jones, who has been made trustee by us for that purpose.

JOHN POWER.
THOMAS McGEOY.

Memphis, Tenn., December 1, 1868. d2 1f

WM. F. BEASLEY,

Attorney at Law,

202 JEFFERSON STREET (up stairs), between Center and Sixth, LOUISVILLE, Ky. Refers by permission to Newcomb, Buchanan & Co., Hughes, Huffman & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Heath, Lewis & Fraser, Attorneys-at-Law, Sproule & McCown, Memphis. de2 1m

LAGER BEER

BY L. SCHNEPEL,

Corner Third and Webster Streets,

IN BARRELS, HALF BARRELS AND KEGS. Delivered free of charge within the city limits. de2

R. W. AINSLIE. A. S. LONERGAN.

Copartnership Notice.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COpartnership under the style of

AINSLIE & LONERGAN,

—IN THE—

RENTAL AND COLLECTION BUSINESS.

OFFICE:

Northwest Corner Jefferson and Main Streets, Up-stairs.

REFERENCES:

S. R. Clarke & Co., Albert Pike,
J. T. Handlan & Co., J. W. Page, Jr.,
Bigley, Meliersh & Co., William Y. Circle,
A. Seessel & Son, John Ainslie,
Leon Trondale, Martin Grimm. del

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.

Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
General Superintendent.

oc2

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
N. Orleans Express, daily, except Sunday	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:20 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight, except Sunday	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Take effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. F. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aul6

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	12:45 p.m.	12:50 p.m
Through Express	11:30 p.m.	9:05 p.m

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)

Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at — 5:05 a.m

Grand Junction Accommodation, daily (except Sund'ys) 8:45 a.m. 4:15 p.m

Somerville Accommodation (except Sunday) leaves at 12:40 p.m. 5:05 a.m. 4:15 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	5:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:19 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	3:15 p.m.	6:25 a.m
" City time	2:55 p.m.	

BROWNSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time 4:30 p.m
" " City time 4:10 p.m
Arrive 9:30 a.m

Ticket offices No. 327½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. E. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

The weather changed yesterday, and was bleak and wet. The wind was high towards dark, with indications of a bad night. The river rose four and a half inches in the past twenty-four hours, but as it is turning cold the rise will no doubt be checked. The water at this point is now some five feet higher than the lowest stage this season, and is still about fifteen feet below high water mark. We have no change to report in the Arkansas or White rivers. Our night dispatches give the latest news from the rivers above.

Arrivals.

Steamer City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" John Kilgour, Louisville.
" Ida, Pittsburg.
" Kate Kinney, New Orleans.
" Lady Gay, " "
" Natoma, Friar's Point.
" Caldwell, Arkansas river.

Departures.

Steamer City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Kate Kinney, "
" Lady Gay, Cairo.
" Ida, New Orleans.
" John Kilgour, New Orleans.

In Port.

Natoma, Minneola, Louisa and Caldwell.

MISCELLANEOUS.

We would urge upon the city council the propriety of making the city engineer establish water marks at some point along the river front, so that the rise and fall of the river may be ascertained.

The Marble City, Capt. Conway, leaves on Saturday for Cairo and St. Louis.

The Louisville, Capt. Lusk, will pass up to-day for Cairo and Louisville.

The handsome Natoma, Capt. Jim Lee, will leave this evening for Friar's Point and all way landings. She is one of our finest local packets. Fields and Whitehead are her popular clerks.

The towboat Peytona passed down yesterday.

The Cora S, Capt. Yerkes, will be in port to leave to-morrow for Louisville and Cincinnati.

The good steamer Louisa, Capt. Bolling, will get away to-day for Cairo and Evansville. She will take a full load of cotton.

The W. A. Caldwell did not get in until last night, being detained by fog, but leaves to-day positively. She brought 188 bales of cotton. She is the regular war United States mail packet, and makes all landings to Little Rock. Rube Haynes is master, and rollicking Jack Chambers dignifies the office by his presence. He is assisted by Bob Shields.

The Minneola, Capt. Miller, with Mr. Grubb in the office, backs out to-morrow for Cairo and Cincinnati.

After an absence of some months we were pleased to meet Capt. J. B. Archer upon our streets yesterday, looking in excellent health. We hope to see him afloat soon on some gay packet, hence to Louisville.

The fine steamer Henry Ames, Capt. Boyd, will be in port to-day, and leaves to-morrow as the regular Saturday packet for New Orleans.

The Lizzie Gill, Capt. O'Neil, will pass down for the Crescent City to-morrow.

The famous old reliable Commercial, Capt. Ashford, will be in port to leave on Saturday for Devall's Bluff and all points on White river. She never fails, but is as regular as the sun.

The Cumberland has nine feet on the shoals.

The negro roustabouts at Nashville struck for 20 cents per hour, on Tuesday last, but Jim Chenoweth, of the Emma Floyd, turned out his cabin crew and unloaded his boat. The nigs had to succumb and begged Capt. Jim to "give 'em back their 15 cents."

Capt. Hewett will back out the Norman for Evansville to-morrow.

Sam. P. Halliday, of the firm of Halliday Bros. of Cairo, is dead.

The Louisiana's new shaft is being forged in Buffalo, N. Y.

The Picket was sold by the United States Marshal, at Wheeling, on Saturday, for $7105.

The Shreveport *Southwestern*, of the 21st, says: The work of improving navigation around the raft, provided for by legislative act September 8, 1868, is, we are informed, rapidly and satisfactorily progressing, and the entire way, down to Twelve Mile Bayou, will be clear, probably by the 1st prox., of all sawyers, stumps, trees, etc., that could endanger boats of whatever draught. This should insure easy, quick and safe communication with the highest point on the river attainable by water. It is being prosecuted in person by Capt. Alban, one of the contractors, with his well known industry, experience and judgment.

The route around the raft commenced at Boom Bend of Red river, left bank, at its most eastern point, three miles in an air line from the Arkansas boundary by a canal recently cut by Capt. Alban, and known by his name, which having, in a length of only 140 yards a fall of some five feet, has already washed a width sufficient for the largest boats running Upper Red river. The canal, plunging thus rapidly into Boom bend, Bee, or Moon Lake, as it is severally called, affords, with its aid, a quick current through a road cut in Poston Lake, marked by boards to indicate the channel, into Poston bayou, a pretty broad stream, which, uniting soon with the branches of Phelp's bayou, discharging the waters of Phelp's and other large lakes, extending as a chain into Arkansas, empties into Mitchell's or Miller's Lake; thence by a short outlet into McQuilla's Lake, a broader and more shallow lake; thence by a crooked slough of the same name, into Red river, a few hundred yards below the foot of the highest raft; thence down Red river about a mile, crossing it then, westwardly, to the mouth of Red bayou, thus constituting the most northern section of the work contemplated by the act of the Legislature, above mentioned. It is said a proper boom will be constructed at the commencement of Alban's canal, so as to guide all floating timber from it into Red river.

The next section starts at the mouth of Red bayou, which has a rapid current, and with a width averaging about eighty feet, and passes through Caddo Prairie, which on either side was cultivated before the formation of the upper raft, and could be reclaimed if this be overcome or removed in the manner indicated. With great celerity and depth this bayou now discharges into Sewell's canal, and after a series of bold bends enters Black Bayou at Irving's Bluff, the residence and mill-site of our hospitable parishioner, R. K. Harrison. This division has been entirely finished by the contractors.

The last section of this upper work, coming from Irving's Bluff through the abrupt courses of Black Bayou, its now dangerous, shaggy bends, appropriately known as the "Devil's Elbow" and its flats, into Clear Lake; then by the Willow chutes into Soda Lake, and last through Twelve Mile Bayou, will, before the end of the month, be thoroughly cleared and the water bed be deepened wherever necessary.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.

LOUISA.....Thos. Bollis master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave

THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.

VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
de4 1t 294 Front street

Regular Saturday Evansville Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.

NORMAN.....Hewett master

This superb passenger steamer will leave as above

SATURDAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
de4 2t 7½ Madison street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—United States Mail.

MARBLE CITY.....Conway master

This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

de4 2t FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet

W. A. CALDWELL.....R. L. Haines, Master

This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on

THIS DAY, 4th inst, at 10 a.m.

T. A. KENDIG, Agent.
de4 1t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

FOR FRIAR'S POINT.

Regular Memphis and Friar's Point Packet—For Helena and Friar's Point.

NATOMA.....James Lee master

This elegant passenger packet will leave

THIS DAY, 4th inst, at 5 p.m.

VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
de4 1t 294 Front street.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular New Orleans and Louisville Packet. For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.

LOUISVILLE.....Lusk master

This splendid passenger packet will leave for the above

THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
de4 1t 296 Front street.

Regular New Orleans and Louisville Packet For Cairo and Louisville.

LOUISVILLE.....J. A. Lusk master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave as above on

THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
de4 1t No. 7½ Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet—For Cairo, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati.

CORA S.....R. S. Yerkes master

This fine passenger packet leaves for the above on

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
de4 2t Promenade street, foot Jefferson.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company. For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

MINNEOLA.....Miller master

This elegant and fleet passenger steamer will leave

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
de4 3t No. 12 Jefferson street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet

HENRY AMES.....Boyd master

This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
de4 2t No. 291 Front street.

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.

HENRY AMES.....Boyd master

This elegant and swift steamer will leave as above

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
de4 3t 7½ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.

HENRY AMES.....Boyd master

This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
de4 3t 296 Front street.

Regular New Orleans Packet.

LIZZIE GILL.....O'Neil master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
de4 3t 296 Front street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co.

COMMERCIAL.....Ashford master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,

SATURDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
de3 3t Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co.

COMMERCIAL.....Ashford master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,

SATURDAY, 5th inst, at 5 p.m.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
de4 3t No. 291 Front street.

J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. de4 3t

FOR HALE'S POINT.

Memphis and Hale's Point Packet.

For Randolph, Fulton, Osceola and Hale's Point.

The Sidewheel Passenger Packet

MYRTLE.....Captain W. C. Hardwick

WILL leave Memphis as above every Tuesday and Saturday, commencing Wednesday, November 25th, and will remain permanently in the trade, and by strict attention to business trusts to receive the patronage of shippers.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

MART WALT & CO., Agents,
nov22 1f No. 273 Front street.

BANKS AND BANKING

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK,

OF MEMPHIS.

Paid in Capital - - - $300,000 00

W. H. CHERRY, President.
AMOS WOODRUFF, Vice-Pres't.
H. A. PARTEE, Cashier.
J. J. FREEMAN, Ass't Cashier.

Directors:

A. J. WHITE, H. T. TOMLINSON,
A. T. LACEY, AMOS WOODRUFF,
H. A. PARTEE, J. E. MERRIMAN,
JOHN R. WATKINS, THOS. R. SMITH,
W. H. CHERRY. oc7

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH.
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS,
President.

C. P. NORRIS,
Vice-President.

sep1 tf

PETRO OIL.

Petro! Petro! Petro!

THE Tennessee Petro Oil Company is still alive at their new stand,

234 Main Street, Opposite Clay Building,

We inform the public in general to come forward and try it. We also defy competition in our Lamps, Burners and general Lamp Stock. We are manufacturers of the "Hanging Rock" Stoves Tinware, Castings of great varieties, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well to examine our stock.

nov10 ROSENBAUM & BROS.

Just Received!

A LARGE LOT OF

40 INCH BURLAPS!

And for sale by

E. MEYER,

de3 3t 203 Main st.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

NEW FREIGHT ARRANGEMENTS

MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS ARE INformed that a

JOINT FREIGHT TARIFF

Has been arranged between Memphis and Stations on the MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD, by which Freights are delivered at those points

Without Change of Cars or Transfer

The inconvenience and delays heretofore existing will be obviated by this arrangement, and we are satisfied will prove of GREAT IMPORTANCE TO MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS.

Tariffs and other information can be had by application at 327½ Main street, or at the Depot.

A. S. LIVERMORE,
nov1 1m General Superintendent.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	8:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	6:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	11:50 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:50 p.m.	6.25 a.m.
" Buffalo	3:20 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	8:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 3:15 p.m. connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 327½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep13

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER

Packet Compa'y.

THE elegant passenger packet THOMAS H. ALLEN, built expressly for this Company, will now take her place in the line, and hereafter the following boats will leave Memphis as heretofore,

Mondays & Thursdays, at 5 o'clock p.m.,

THOMAS H. ALLEN.....Reese Pritchard, Master
W. A. CALDWELL.....R. L. Haines, Master
OZARK.....H. Blaisdell, Master

Connecting at Little Rock with the new and light-draught packets,

FORT GIBSON.....John Woodburn, Master
FORT SMITH.....James Bowlin, Master
VAN BUREN.....J. W. Williams, Master

All of the above boats were built expressly for the trade, and are particularly well adapted to it. Passengers and freight will be put through by the line to all points on the Arkansas river without detention, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, at Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, Napoleon, Ark.

Freight received at any time at the Company's office.

JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
nov28 304 Front street, Mosby Block

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.

HENRY AMES.....Geo. W. Boyd, Master

THIS splendid steamer will enter the trade as a regular SATURDAY PACKET, leaving Memphis

Saturday, November 28, at 5 p.m.,

And every alternate Saturday thereafter throughout the season.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
No. 7½ Madison street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
nov14 tf No. 291 Front street.

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER GEORGE W. CHEEK leaves Memphis every day for MoundCity at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2½ and 4½ p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., and 1½ and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.

jy11 MARK R. CHEEK, Master.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

MART WALT & CO., Agents.
No. 272 Front street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 290 Front Row.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
au12 tf Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White-River U. S. Mail Packet Company,

Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m., and Devall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.

The Liberty, No. 2, and Mayflower will make close connections at the mouth of White river with the steamer Guidon for Pine Bluff. Fare to Pine Bluff, $12 00; Freight, 50 cents per 100 pounds.

The steamers Economist and Hamilton will run between Little Rock and Fort Smith in connection with this line and the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Through receipts given for freight to all points between Little Rock and Fort Smith.

Insurance one-half per cent. LESS by this route than any other.

JOHN E. DAVIS, Superintendent.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc29 tf No. 290 Front Row.

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.

For Helena, Wittsburg and St. Francis River.

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,

SAINT FRANCIS,

Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Paine, Clerk

WILL leave Memphis on her first trip TUESDAY, November 24th, for Helena and St. Francis river, and EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov19 tf No. 7½ Madison street.

HARDWARE.

ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street.

☞ Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving, before making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.

sep6 3m ALLISON BROS.

SEWING MACHINE.

GROVER & BAKER'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.

Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.

Using both threads directly from the spools.

No fastening of seams by hand, and no waste of thread.

Wide range of application without change of adjustment.

The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.

Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and Ornamental Work.

☞ The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris: 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

Send for Circular.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,
nov1 1m 335 Main Street.

REMOVALS.

Removal.

P. H. HEINRICH & BRO.

—TO—

224 Main, bet. Jefferson and Adams Sts.,

WHERE they are now ready to furnish their friends and patrons with the choicest articles of CONFECTIONERIES, wholesale and retail, at lowest market price. nov24 tf

REMOVAL.

L. PODESTA & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND dealers in Liquors, Wines, Ale, Porter, Tobacco, Cigars, etc., etc., have removed to

NO. 236 FRONT STREET,

Near Jefferson, where they would be pleased to have all their old friends and the public in general call and examine their goods. no25 1w

REMOVAL.

L. ROCCO,

No. 249 Main St.,

Opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE removed my place of business from the corner of Second and Madison streets to the above named place, where I will be glad to meet all my friends and customers.

Candies in all Variety, Cakes, Fruits, Nuts, Preserves, of Choice Quality.

My Candies are all manufactured from the purest Sugars, and I guarantee them free from any and all the numerous adulterations so often used by unscrupulous manufacturers.

I shall continue to carry on the GROCERY BUSINESS in connection with the Confectionery, as usual.

Remember the place, No. 249 Main street, opposite Odd Fellow's Hall.

nov5 1m L. ROCCO.

REMOVAL!

W. P. WRIGHT,

Produce & Commission Merchant

AND DEALER IN

HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN, ETC.

HAS REMOVED TO

No. 11 Monroe St.

novm 51 (Price & Yeatman's Old Stand).

CARDS.

A CARD.

THE LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S SALOON at Jos. Specht's is re-opened, where

Oysters, Coffee, Chocolate, Etc.,

Will be served in the best style. The undersigned most respectfully invites his friends to give him a call.

JOSEPH SPECHT,

No. 37 Madison Street.

nov15 1m

St. Louis Hotel,

NEW ORLEANS.

THIS highly popular Hotel will again be opened to the traveling public

On the 1st of December.

The undersigned will exert his best endeavors to give its patrons the high satisfaction which has always sustained it. Families and others proposing to visit New Orleans can secure accommodations in advance by addressing

W. A. HURD, Manager.
Or O. E. HALL, St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans. oc25 2m

INSURANCE.

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000

Security, by Law of State of Ohio, $2,000,000.

ENTERPRISE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF CINCINNATI.

THOMAS SHERLOCK, - - - President

DIRECTORS—R. M. Bishop, of R. M. Bishop & Co.; Theo. Cook, of Baker, Hart & Cook; Joseph L. Butler, President Lafayette Bank; L. R. Hull, of Addy, Hull & Co.; A. S. Winslow, of Winslow & Smith; Charles Rule, of C. Rule & Coleman; Adolph Wood, of Adolph Wood & Co.; John Shillito, of John Shillito & Co.; A. D. Bullock, of A. D. Bullock & Co.; D. T. Woodrow, of Woodrow, Mears & Co.; Allen Collier, of John Swasey & Co.; L. A. Harris, ex-Mayor of Cincinnati; James Glenn, of William Glenn & Sons.

W. M. RICHARDSON, W. B. CASSILLY, Secretary. Vice-Pres't.

J. DeWALDEN CHURCHILL Supervisor.

R. V. VREDENBUR